# **Works Access Permit**

Wellington City Council

Absolutely Positively **Wellington** City Council
Me Heke Ki Pōneke

Registration Number: R957162

Utility Reference: STH-Generic Minor Excavation

# 1. Details of Proposed Work Activity:

Activity: Open Trenching, Pot Holing, Other (Specify Detail), Hand Digging

Address: 1 Landfill Road, Happy Valley, Wellington, 1, Landfill Road, Happy Valley, Wellington,

6023, 6023

Location in road: Carriageway, Footpath, Berm, Nature Strip

WAP valid period: 10 August 2023 to 08 August 2024

# 2. The Parties

Wellington City Council being a body corporate in accordance with the Local Government Act 2002 ('the Corridor Manager;')

Wellington Water Alliance being an approved Utility Operator in accordance with submitting a request for access in accordance with that act;

Wellington Water Alliance being the agent of the Utility Operator submitting this request on behalf of the Utility Operator and in accordance with the Utility Operator's statutory rights ('the Applicant').

# 3. Attachments

Attachment 1 being the Schedule of Reasonable Conditions.

Attachment 2 being the plan ######### showing the agreed works statement.

# 4. Background

- (a) The Utility Operator wishes to carry out the works stated on CAR Number R957162 and thereafter maintain the utility services established in the corridor;
- (b) The Corridor Manager is required to provide a written consent in accordance with its governing legislation and to provide a schedule of reasonable conditions, if required, by the utility legislation under which the request for access has been made; and
- (c) In accordance with the Code: Utilities' Access to the Transport Corridors and on behalf of the Corridor Manager, I give my written consent for access to the corridor at the agreed location and attach my schedule of reasonable conditions;
- (d) In the case of State highways this Works Access Permit serves as the approvals required under sections 51 and 78 of the Government Roading Powers Act;

It is expected that all the conditions set in the CAR have been read and are followed completely, failure to adhere will result in the cancellation of the (WAP) Work Access Permit.

\*All Contractors, Utility Operators and Principals are Persons Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU) under the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015. The National Code of Practice for Utility Operators Access to Transport Networks applies to all Utility Operators. The Wellington City Council Code of Practice for Working on the Road applies to all other parties working in the road corridor. All parties carrying out work in the roading corridor should be fully conversant with the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the code under which they are carrying out their work.

<b>Signed</b>							
Jemal Dixon acting pursuant to delegated authority.							
FOR Corridor Manager APPROVAL USE ONLY Time Spent Processing:  Approved Pouto Plan / TMP Submitted Stockpiling							
Approved Route Plan TMP Submitted Stockpiling Contractor Submitted Arrangements							

# **CONDITIONS**

# **Special Conditions**

- 1. **GENERIC PARENT to CHILD** 
  - 1. THIS TMP IS ONLY APPROVED FOR MINOR EXCAVATION WORKS.

(All major/project works require site specific TMP)

- 2. All minor works are deemed as 20m or less of excavation. (National Code)
- 3. This Generic Parent CAR excludes any work on main roads with more than 2 minute delays. Confirmed through actual traffic counts taken onsite.
- 4. This Generic TMP is only approved with the specified conditions below. All documentation required for this to be used on site and shall be kept where it is always available for the Council's TMC to review or access. Failure to supply this information, will result in the cancellation of this Parent CAR.
- 5. The use of a Generic CAR/TMPs does not automatically guarantee access to your worksite, check the online Road works report to make sure of any potential clashes: https://wellington.govt.nz/services/parking-and-roads/road-works/road-works-and-road-closures. With any onsite clashes agreement is to be reached and then uploaded onto the CHILD CAR.

# **PARENT/CHILD**

All conditions for this "CHILD CAR" are set out in the PARENT CAR Approval. The scope of work required at this site must comply with the conditions set in the PARENT CAR (PC).

This Parent CAR and the Full Scope of Works (FSOW) defines what work can be carried out under the child CAR's.

Child CARs must be requested at each excavation site

Each Child CAR must state the following in the work description

Child CAR to Parent XXXXXX (where XXXXXX is the number of this parent CAR)

# **Every child CAR must identify**

Worksite location that includes

A site plan with annotated (onsite street view) google image should be submitted with each CHILD CAR. This will clearly show the environmental/other constraints.

Actual dates of work including final reinstatement dates if different to work dates Utility contact name

Site contractor 24/7 name and contact details

WCC Application of agreement to be uploaded to each CHILD CAR.

# **Documents on site:**

Hazard ID Generic TMP Checklist Onsite Record

# Child CAR Documentation prior to works completion

On site documentation
Before and after photos of initial works
Before and after photos of final reinstatement
Compaction Tests where applicable

- 5. If the approved TMD on the CHILD CAR is not fit for purpose, this should be documented on the onsite record and TMC should be notified. If no generic approved TMD is applicable to the site, work to be stopped and a site specific TMP should be submitted for approval.
- 6. All excavation work to be raised as a CHILD CAR, minimum of 5 days processing time. This is dependent on the affected parties. Example: bus routes, working close to schools, affecting metered parking. This is to be documented on your on-site record.
- 7. Any excavation work within the business area's will be permanently re-instated within the timeframe set in the national code, unless otherwise agreed by TMC. If agreement is reached, this documentation will be uploaded in the CHILD CAR. Access for all users is to be maintained though-out the work-sites active and non-active times.
- 8. Business consultation in business/retail area's should be discussed at least 3 weeks prior to physical start date, confirmation will be required to be uploaded to the CAR.
- 9. Noise Exemption Certificate is applicable for any works after the following working hours 7h30 to 18h00.
- 10. Timeframe allocated for a CHILD CAR is no more than 2 weeks. Specific amount of actual working days should be documented on the CHILD CAR.
- 11. CAR Status is to be maintained and updated, to move your CAR in to warranty, work completion notification must be done, please upload before and after pictures to the CAR. Failure to supply will result in auditing and costs will occur.
- 12. This approval is conditional on the network user ensuring they meet the code of practice for temporary traffic management and health and safety and work act.

# 2. **GENERICS - GENERAL**

Prior to the expiry of this TMP, further work will be required to ensure that the actual TMDs used truly reflect the onsite conditions. It is expected that the approved TMDs will lessen over time based on your on-site checking assessments.

# 3. **CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT**

**Reminder:** To minimise traffic disruption in the central business district <u>no equipment</u> <u>movements</u> are to happen within the hours of 7 to 9am and 4 to 6pm Monday to Friday. If site equipment is required into the closure then the movements are to happen outside this time.

# **GENERICS - APPROVED**

4.

Your approved generics have been accepted and approved, but these will require further enhancements, this is due to NZTA moving to a more risk-based approach for traffic management.

You are now required to show how this is mitigated in your generics and your onsite paperwork. It is expected that you will have developed a risk control plan (risk matrix) for your staff. All documentation on how this is achieved must be incorporated into your TMP. To help you develop your generics please see the new NZ guide to temporary traffic management document.

Your project may affect other key Wellington parties, such asGWRC bus companies (bus stop relocation, traffic management installation on bus routes)WCC Traffic Signals (temporary traffic management installation at or near permanent traffic signals)NZTA (when detour or additional traffic is on their network)Noise control (night works)

In such cases, please notify and document those that are affected. Also please ensure that

your TMP has the process that your STMS will follow to complete a safe site.

**GENERIC - ALL NON AND EXCAVATION WORKS.** (All excavations works are to be completed using the minor excavation CAR. Any works greater than 20 metres require site specific CAR and TMP).

This Generic TMP is only approved with the specified conditions below.

- 1. This Generic TMP is only approved with the specified conditions below. All documentation required for this to be used on site shall be kept where it is always available for the Council's TMC to review or access. Failure to supply this information, will result in the cancellation of this Parent CAR.
- 2. Prior to any on-site works it is mandatory that the network user will upload their works programme by 12pm Thursday each week to council inbox, customercompliance@wcc.govt.nz. This will be uploaded to council's external webpage.
- 3. The use of a Generic CAR/TMPs does not automatically guarantee access to your worksite, check the online Road works report to make sure of any potential clashes: https://wellington.govt.nz/services/parking-and-roads/road-works/road-works-and-road-closures. With any onsite clashes agreement is to be reached and then uploaded onto the CHILD CAR.
- 4. This approval is conditional on the network user ensuring they meet the health and safety at work act.

Note: If any legislative or RCA changes are required to this TMP then notification will be communicated through the CAR system.

The above could result in the current TMP not being suitable and could require redesigning. Please discuss directly with councils' officers.

# 5. **WAP & TMP EXTENSIONS**

Applicant/Principal to advice WCC (customercompliance@wcc.govt.nz) if a WAP extension is needed. An updated TMP to be uploaded to the CAR for review. If stages of the work have been completed, the relevant TTM setups are to be deleted out of the TMP and TMP updated for only the necessary TTM set ups. WAP extensions will only be granted if work is rescheduled within a one-month period. If an extension is needed out of the one-month grace period, a new CAR is to be created and a TMP to be uploaded.

6. Generic TMP to be reviewed through the length of approval, With Risk and TTM set up being used to be monitored and to form the basis of the renewal at the end of the timeframe

# **General Conditions**

- 7. The Utility Operator must:
  - (a) carry out all Work in Transport Corridors in accordance with the Code and KiwiRail's Specifications for Working in Railway Corridors;
  - (b) undertake all Works in compliance with the Acts of Parliament and mandated codes of practice that relate to their industry and the type of Work described within the plans and methodology submitted;
  - (c) install assets more or less in the location shown on the attached plans, and agree the exact location and position with the Road Corridor Manager before Work commences;
  - (d) locate any Utility Structures in the Road Corridor in the agreed position shown on the drawings and clear of the Carriageway, Road Corridor furniture and kerbs, drains, manholes,

etc. Utility Structures agreed to be within the trafficable part of the Road are to be flush with the surface and designed to withstand full heavy Traffic loading (NZTA's HN-HO-72 Traffic Loading);

- (e) provide a full description of the construction methodology, reinstatement, resurfacing and compaction and agree this with the Road Corridor Manager prior to Work commencing;
- (f) make the Works available at all times for inspection by any person representing the Road Corridor Manager;
- (g) if requested, pay the reasonable costs of the Road Corridor Manager in connection with the processing of this notice and for the monitoring and auditing of the Works; (See NZ Transport Agency Cost Structure under Clause 23)
- (h) keep a full copy of the Works Access Permit/ Permit to Enter and Reasonable Conditions on the Work Site at all times during the Works;
- (i) undertake remedial action on non-conforming Work within the timeframe set by the Road Corridor Manager, where reasonable and practicable;
- (j) gain all the necessary consents, approvals and permits from the relevant statutory and regulatory authorities at its own cost;
- (k) keep plans of the installed Work and make them available to the Railway Corridor Manager (in all cases) and Road Corridor Manager (on request);
- (I) compensate the Road Corridor Manager for any damage or costs incurred to the Road Corridor due to the Work or for costs resulting from the removal of abandoned installations, Utility Structures, components and equipment that belong to the Utility Operator;
- (m) repair all Road Corridor assets damaged as a result of the Works, should the Road Corridor Manager determine these are necessary prior to the end of the Warranty period;
- (n) restore to their original condition any surface or Utility Structure that was damaged or removed as a result of the Works;
- (o) control the surface water channels so as to cause minimal interference to existing flows;
- (p) fully restore the surface water channels at the completion of the Works;
- (q) notify the Road Corridor Manager of any maintenance Work it proposes to undertake within the two-year Warranty period;
- (r) have in place an approved TMP for Roads and Motorways at least two days prior to Work commencing on the Work Site;
- (s) provide the Road Corridor Manager with two Working Days' notice before commencement of Work on the Work Site;
- (t) ensure that the Work is carried out under the control of a warranted supervisor as required by the Code of Practice for Temporary Traffic Management and ensure that there are sufficient people on site specifically to control the flow of Traffic through the site in accordance with the TMP;
- (u) comply with instructions from an officer of the NZ Police Traffic Safety Branch or a duly authorised agent of the Road Corridor Manager in respect of Traffic management and safety;
- (v) complete Works in the Road Corridor in one continuous operation (suspension of Works over five continuous days requires the prior written permission of the Road Corridor Manager);

- (w) protect and maintain all Road Corridor signs, markers, signals, barriers and associated marking and replace them to the appropriate industry standard where they have been damaged by the Works;
- (x) complete and submit a Works Completion Notice form when the Works are complete; and
- (y) stop Work as necessary to meet the requirements of section 42 of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014.

# **Local Conditions**

# **CAR WCC Full Scope of Works Utility**

#### Utility

Company	Wellington Water
Contract Manager	Tim Harty
Phone	021 451 104
Email	Tim.harty@wellingtonwater.co.nz

#### Contractor

Company	Wellington Water alliance
Contract Manager	Valitha Roos
Phone	021 510 923
Email	Valitha.roos@wellingtonwater.co.nz

#### **Sub Contractor**

Company	
Name	
Phone	
Email	

Type of Work (Tick)	Project		Emergency		Minor	Х
Location Road (Tick)	Carriageway	Х	Footpath	X	Berm	Х

#### **Work Location**

Physical Address	Various Locations / Streets within Wellington Southern Region

### Work Programme

Start Date	01/08/2023	Completion Date	30/07/2024
Duration of Work	24/7	Day / Night	365

#### Hours of work

Start Time	Finish Time	

# **Description of Activity**

### P3/P4 Minor excavation works not needing site specific:

Note: all work not covered under the Generic Tmp / Tmd will need site specific.

Confirmation is required from RCA to see if Generic covers main arterial roads or suburban shopping areas.

# Only approved contractors listed on Tmp are covered under Generic Car. ALL CONTRACTORS ARE TO NOTIFY THE RCA PRIOR TO CARRY OUT THEIR WORK ACTIVITY.

- All work carried out may involve having 1 to 2man onsite including sub-contractors.
- All digging works can involve but not limited to hand digging or using a digger when required.
- Any works that are not reinstated will follow the reinstatement requirements.

# Repairs:

- 1. Leaks 3 Water network leaks which covers repairs / replacement of council assets.
- 2. Repair / replacement of Tobies / meters / hydrants and valves that can be repaired on the same day.
- 3. Repair Manhole frame and centres.
- 4. Repair Stormwater and Wastewater laterals.

### Crews and Sub contractors must adhere to the following:

- Ensure proper traffic and pedestrian management is in place.
- Set up correct Tmd to suit the work site.
- Complete a separate RCP form for every excavation.
- Safety induction is carried out as per RCP process.
- Ensure safety is always adhered to.
- Ensure all efforts are made to minimise disruption to residents, business, and pedestrians.
- Make sure relevant documents are onsite (utility plans).
- Mark out utility / council assets to carry out work above.
- Provide photos showing a wide street view of location.
- Photo of repairs.
- Photo after the repair and how the site was left.
- Clear notes of what was repaired.
- Where possible reinstatement will be completed after excavation.
- Site is packed up and left clean and tidy.

### Work Vehicles onsite at various stages of work but not limited to:

# Standard work crew:

1 to 2 service vehicles equipped with beacons onsite along with any small plant and equipment to carry out maintenance work. Crews to set up own Tmd.

#### Service crews are equipped to set up the following Tmd's only.

Traffic management will be required if you do not carry correct signage.

CC1	F2.1
CC2	F2.2
CC3	F2.5
CC4	F2.6
CC5	F2.7
CC7	J2.16A
CC8	
CC9	
CC10	
CC11	
CC12	

Sub-contractors are to follow the Tmd criteria above, or if you do not have correct signage to set up own Tmd. Any Tmd not listed above will require external traffic management.

#### Extended crew when needed:

- Hydro Vac Truck / Digger / Jet Flusher / Mini combo maybe utilised to assist with repairing leaks.
- Traffic management vehicles if unable to set up own traffic.
- Reinstatement vehicles / plant where possible.

#### Reinstatement:

Note: all work not covered under the Generic Tmp / Tmd will need site specific.
Confirmation is required from RCA to see if Generic covers main arterial roads or suburban shopping areas.

- Reinstatement must be completed as per National code requirements.
- Compaction test must be supplied as per National code requirements.
- If work is postponed or cancelled; works will go ahead the next safe and practical date possible weather permitting.
- Uneven surface and speed restriction signage will need to be installed and the site will need to be monitored once within each 24-hour period and recorded on the site record and monitoring form.
- Sites left unattended must be fenced off as per National code requirements.
- If for any reason a site has not been temp sealed, we must advise the Corridor Manager ASAP.
- Temporary surface will need to be installed within one working day and full reinstatement to be completed as soon as possible weather permitting.

# Work Vehicles onsite at various stages of work but not limited to:

- 1 to 2 service vehicles equipped with beacons onsite along with any small plant and equipment to complete the work.
- Concrete truck / Hot Box Truck along with any small plant and equipment to complete the work.
- Digger / Roller.
- Traffic management vehicles if unable to set up own traffic.

#### WHEN ARE SITE SPECIFIC TMP'S NEEDED:

Site Specific TMP required depending on the work activities and impact.

Works include sewer blocks / maintenance repairs on the wastewater network that require entry from a manhole at an intersection and/or in the live lane or excavations in the carriageway / live lane, burst water main/water leaks on the network in the carriageway / intersections that will impact traffic, hydrant / valve replacements in the carriageway that will impact traffic, water / wastewater lateral replacements that involve trenching across the carriageway.

This also includes works on the Stormwater network that may have an impact on traffic and project work taking more than 1 day.

ANY STATE HIGHWAY WORKS WILL BE AT THE DISCRETION OF CAPITAL JOURNEYS TMC
All WORKS APPROVED BY CAPITAL JOURNEYS TMC MUST THEN BE NOTIFIED TO THE TRAFFIC
OPERATIONS CENTRE (TOC) PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT AND POST WORK
WORKS ARE TO BE PLACED ON THE WEEKLY ROAD WORKS REPORT
ALL COMPLETED WORKS MUST COMPLY TO WAP CONDITIONS AND ARE TO BE REINSTATED
ACCORDING TO NZTA STANDARDS

Quantities of proposed Work (use meters, items, hours and minutes to indicate);

	, ,
Length of trenching	Number of Cabinets/pedestals effected
Length of Horizontal/Vertical Drilling	Number of Structures effected (fully explain
	in description of work)
Number of holes	Number of assets removed
Number of Chamber/s effected	Duration of Road / Lane Closure (circle)
	Hours / Days
Number of Poles/Posts/Piles effected	Duration of Footpath diversion (circle)
	Hours / Days
Number of Car parks/bus stop/taxi stands	Duration of property access restricted
affected for more than two hours	(circle)
	Hours / Days

# Health and Safety Policy Wellington Water



# Our Purpose

Creating excellence in regional water services for healthy communities

#### Our Vision

Our people, suppliers and affected parties go home healthy and safe

- · Health and safety is our top priority
- We look after ourselves; everyone takes personal responsibility for their own health and safety
- We look out for each other, suppliers and the public; we make sure everyone is safe
- Wellington Water takes a methodical approach to health and safety; we continuously review our systems to ensure they are up-to-date and ensure that health and safety is foremost in infrastructure planning and design
- We're committed to health and safety at all times; nobody walks past an unsafe activity or work site we make it

#### Our Commitments

#### Leadership

- We make sure our people work in a safe environment
- We make sure our work sites are safe for suppliers, neighbours and the general public
- We empower our people to manage health and safety in all situations and to stop unsafe acts as they happen; we make sure there's a safe working environment before work continues
- We proactively identify and manage hazards and ensure safe behaviour
- We support the safe and early return to work of any of our people who are injured or sick, and support and follow up on anyone who is injured on a Wellington Water site
- We recognise staff and suppliers who practice excellence in health and safety

#### Systems

- We make sure our people have the training, skills and resources to work safely
- We ensure infrastructure managed by Wellington Water is designed, constructed, operated and maintained safely, and will remain safe for our people, suppliers and the community
- We accurately record, investigate and report incidents and learn from them
- We monitor our health and safety performance and that of our suppliers as a basis for continuous improvement and identifying new and safer ways of working

#### Working with others

- Our suppliers are required to commit to our vision of our people and suppliers going home healthy and safe
- We make sure all suppliers working on behalf of Wellington Water have high quality health and safety systems in
- · We comply with and exceed all relevant legislation, regulations, codes of practice and industry standards
- We interpret health and safety broadly and work with all stakeholders to achieve our health and safety vision



# People at the heart of everything we do

Living safely is how we go about every aspect of our lives; all day, every day. It is more than work, it is about integrating our work, home and interests, our desire to get the best out of life, and to be the best we can. It is recognising our strengths and weaknesses, and making positive choices that benefit our wellbeing and way of life, including those of others in the communities in which we live and work.

# We will:

- · Demonstrate our commitment through active and visible leadership
- Abide by a simple safety management system that encourages health and safety ownership by each and every individual
- · Incorporate health and safety into the way we design, plan and do our work
- · Work collaboratively with our subcontractors to meet the required health and safety standards
- · Enhance our health and safety skills and behaviours through training and development
- · Foster a culture of reporting, learning and sharing
- · Be empowered to maintain a safe and healthy workplace
- · Promote a positive health and wellbeing mindset
- · Meet or exceed relevant standards and legal requirements
- · Set measurable objectives and targets to ensure continual improvement

C W Bruyn Managing Director







			_		
Subcontractor			Date		
Project/Contract			Time		
WWA Site Manager/ Supervisor			Audito	or	
Subcontractor Perso	nnel contacted on Site:				
ALL "NO" R	RESPONSES ARE REQUIRED TO	HAVE ACTIONS EN	TERED	INTO CAMS.	
PRE-SITE CHECKS		Comments	s / Obsei	rvations / Verificati	ons
Signed, current subco	ntract agreement.	Record scope of works	in agreei	ment :	
(View record in CAS F	Register)				
	or subcontractor over last 12 months. t issues/ items to follow up on and				
	ON-SITE DOCUMENTATION Relevant to subcontractor				
		Comments / Observat			Achieved Yes/No/NA
What work is the subc	contractor doing on site ?				
	pleted by the subcontractor is of the subcontract agreement.				
NB: If NOT in scope a wi is required.	ritten /signed amendment to agreement				
Number of subcontract	ctor workers on site.				
	s (subbies subbie) on site? Record ber on site and if approval for their				
	(and sublet) workers inducted onto ilgate record / Induction register)				
	Plan has been completed and all blet) workers have signed on.				
	k Assessment forms are hazards Il defined and effective?				
	icle and pedestrian management plemented and effective.				
•	y plan on site which includes umbers and first aiders on site.				
correctly, available on	its/notifications been completed site and used by subcontractors tions, Permit to Dig, Confined				
	en provided with job specific details ons, plans, specs and drawings etc. ersion numbers.				
completed and docum	ctions and quality checks are being nented by subcontractor including cts and materials being used in the				
All subcontractor incidents/non-compliances are being					

recorded and reported through CAMS.

consider discharge to land, water or air.

All relevant environmental resource consents/permits on site and conditions complied with by subcontractor-



PPE/PPC worn on site by subcontractor workers is compliant with FH and client/activity requirements.		
Subcontractor workers have the correct licences/certifications for the plant they are operating. Seat belts worn where applicable.		
Subcontractor workers have relevant operational competencies for tasks they are doing e.g. Construct Safe card / TC or STMS / electrical registration		
Safety critical items of Subcontractors plant and equipment on site has been checked for compliance with FH / Regulatory requirements? e.g. Rego/ COF, flashing lights, reversing beepers, seatbelts, protective structures, anti-burst valves, emergency equip, plant in good condition, no visible wear on hydraulic hoses etc.	List Safety Critical Items of Plant and Equipment	
Subcontractors Vehicle/Plant daily pre-start checks completed and documented for all plant on site.		
Critical safety and quality equipment is calibrated or tagged e.g lasers, lifting gear, harnesses, gas meters		
Plant & Equipment is correctly isolated and Lock Out Tag Out procedures followed where required.		
Safe work methodologies implemented and observed adherence to Life Saving Rules e.g. working at heights, excavations, lifting, safety zones etc		
Hazardous substances are labelled, stored correctly and safe handling methods implemented		
General site condtion – housekeeping standard, lighting,safe access/ egress		
General Comments/Observations:		
ACTIONS TO ENTER IN CAMS: CAMS No:		
Original to be placed on Contract file and a copy forwarded to SQ	E Department/Subcontractor Administrator:	
Audit entered into CAMs □ Copy forwarded to Subcont	ractor □ Copy placed on Subcontractor File	

# **ROAD SPACE BOOKING**

Address:					
Contractor:					
Dates & Times (attended):	From:			То:	
Dates & Times (unattended):	From:			То:	
Generic TMP used:					
Diagram (s) used:					
CAR#					
Work A	ctivity an	nd Reason	s TTM to re	amain ir	nlace:
WOIRA	ctivity an	iu iteasori	13 1 1 W CO 16	ziiiaiii ii	i piace.
Contractor Name:					
Contractors Signature:					
TMC Approval:					

Please attach photos of site active site set up (these photos are to include both ends of the site (inclusive of any side roads), pedestrian/cycle management and the working area.







# TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN (TMP) - FULL FORM

Use this form for complex activities. Refer to the NZ Transport Agency's Traffic control devices manual, part 8 Code of practice for temporary traffic management (CoPTTM), section E, appendix A for a guide on how to complete each field.

Organisations /TMP				Principal <i>(Client)</i> : Wellington Water			
reference	Southern Excavation GTMP	Contractor (TTM): As per attached list	RCA: Wellington City Council				
Ro		al a company con al Coulou valo		ouse no./RPs	Road	Speed Limit	
Location details and road characteristics	Road names and Suburb		F	From and to leve			
	Various roads/ streets within the WCC <b>Southern</b> Zone (excluding SH)			Various		40/50/60 /70km/h	
	AADT		Peak flows				
				Start		End	
Traffic details (main route)		Various		0700am	0900am		
			PM	PM 1600pm		1800pm	

Description of work activity



APPROVED
CAR R957162

CAR R957162 Jemal Dixon



### **WCC STH Excavation GTMP**

### P3/P4 Minor excavation works not needing site specific:

Note: all work not covered under the Generic Tmp / Tmd will need site specific.

Confirmation is required from RCA to see if Generic covers main arterial roads or suburban shopping areas.

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- 3. Any works that are not reinstated will follow the reinstatement requirements.

# Repairs:

- Leaks 3 Water network leaks which covers repairs / replacement of council assets.
- Repair / replacement of Tobies / meters / hydrants and valves that can be repaired on the same day.
- Repair Manhole frame and centres.
- Repair Stormwater and Wastewater laterals.

# Reinstatement:

Note: all work not covered under the Generic Tmp / Tmd will need site specific.
Confirmation is required from RCA to see if Generic covers main arterial roads or suburban shopping areas.

- Reinstatement must be completed as per National code requirements.
- Compaction test must be supplied as per National code requirements.
- If work is postponed or cancelled; works will go ahead the next safe and practical date possible weather permitting.
- Uneven surface and speed restriction signage will need to be installed and the site will need to be monitored once within each 24-hour period and recorded on the site record and monitoring form.
- Sites left unattended must be fenced off as per National code requirements.
- If for any reason a site has not been temp sealed, we must advise the Corridor Manager ASAP.
- Temporary surface will need to be installed within one working day and full reinstatement to be completed as soon as possible weather permitting.

# Crews and Sub contractors must adhere to the following:

- Ensure proper traffic and pedestrian management is in place.
- Set up correct Tmd to suit the work site.
- Complete a separate RCP form for every excavation.
- Safety induction is carried out as per RCP process.
- Ensure safety is always adhered to.
- Ensure all efforts are made to minimise disruption to residents, business, and pedestrians.
- Make sure relevant documents are onsite (utility plans).
- Mark out utility / council assets to carry out work above.
- Provide photos showing a wide street view of location.
- Photo of repairs. & Photo after the repair and how the site was left.
- Clear notes of what was repaired.
- Where possible reinstatement will be completed after excavation.
- Site is packed up and left clean and tidyAR R957162

Section E, appendix A. Traffic management plans
Page 2





# Service crews are equipped to set up the following TMD's only:

External Traffic Management will be required if you do not have the correct TTM equipment to install the required TTM closure.

CC1	Shoulder and roadside activities – Vehicle parked in carriageway	F2.1	Footpath diverted onto berm behind working space
CC2	Traffic not crossing road centre – Vehicle parked on carriageway	F2.2	Footpath diverted onto berm between working space and carriageway
CC3	Shoulder and roadside activities – Vehicle parked on berm	F2.5	Shoulder and roadside activities - Work on berm and/or footpath
CC4	Footpath diverted onto shoulder or parking lane	F2.6	Shoulder and roadside activities – Working in parking lane
CC5	Footpath guidance past the working space	F2.7	Shoulder Closure
CC7	Valve in shoulder or on berm	J2.16A	Cul-De-Sac Closure
CC8	Valve towards left of lane		112-
CC9	Valve towards right of lane		
CC10	Valve in centre of carriageway		
CC11	Valve in centre of intersection		
CC12	Less than 75m CSD		

### Work Vehicles onsite at various stages of work but not limited to:

- 1 to 2 service vehicles equipped with beacons onsite along with any small plant and equipment to complete the repair.
- Hydro Vac Truck / Digger / Jet Flusher / Mini Combo may also be utilised to assist with repairs.
- Concrete truck / Hot Box Truck & or Roller along with any small plant and equipment to complete the reinstatement.
- Traffic management vehicles if unable to set up own traffic.

# WHEN A SITE SPECIFIC IS NEEDED:

Site Specific TMP required depending on the work activities and impact to traffic / pedestrians. Project work taking more than 1 day will require a site specific.

ANY STATE HIGHWAY WORKS WILL BE AT THE DISCRETION OF CAPITAL JOURNEYS TMC AII WORKS APPROVED BY CAPITAL JOURNEYS TMC MUST THEN BE NOTIFIED TO THE TRAFFIC OPERATIONS CENTRE (TOC) PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT AND POST WORK WORKS ARE TO BE PLACED ON THE WEEKLY ROAD WORKS REPORT ALL COMPLETED WORKS MUST COMPLY TO WAP CONDITIONS.

> APPROVED CAR R957162 Jemal Dixon





Planned work programme

Start date	01/08/2023	Time	See Below	End date	30/07/2024	Time	See Below



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Consider significant stages, for example:

- road closures
- detours
- no activity periods.

STMS to complete a risk assessment form prior to installing the TTM closure to ensure there is minimal disruption to road users.

#### Residential Roads

Installation: 7:30am - 8:00am or whenever site is installed. Site Active: 8:00am - 17:30pm

Site Removal: 17:30pm - 18:00pm

#### Main Road

Installation: 9:00am -9:30am or whenever site is installed

Site Active: 9:30am - 15:30pm Site Removal: 15:30pm - 16:00pm

Installation: 19:00pm - 19:30pm or whenever site is installed

Site Active: 19:30pm - 5:00am Site Removal: 5:00am - 5:30am

Noise control approval is required for nightworks (outside of the standard working hours of 7.30am – <u>6pm.</u>

This TMP is to cover 1 day attended Excavations works.

Photos of the active site set up and onsite documents may be requested by the TMC to upload to CAR (these photos are to include both ends of the site (inclusive of any side roads), pedestrian/cycle management and the working area).

Based on the photos provided, if the incorrect TTM has been installed (and/or considered dangerous) and/or outside of the approved TMP requirements, a Notice of Non-conformance may be considered.

- A risk assessment is to be applied prior to selecting/installing TMDs.
  - Reinstatement is to be planned same day or as soon as practicably possible. Pedestrian management (remaining on the path/berm) and shoulder closures can remain in place with fencing.
- Any works requiring pedestrian diversion onto the road or larger than a Shoulder Closure must be backfilled to road level with aftercare left in place or temporary sealed.
- Refer to WCC local code for backfilling of trenches.

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### 10. BACKFILLING

#### 10.1 General

Materials and compaction used are to be such that no discernible settlement occurs.

No cement, lime, or backfill materials containing them, may be used in backfilling work unless specifically required by this code or unless necessary around poles for stability purposes.

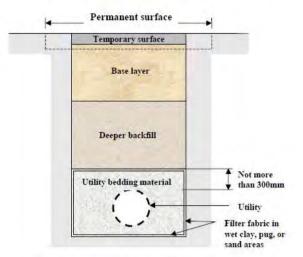


Figure 7 - Typical cross-section of a backfilled excavation

If Generic TMD(s) do not suit (based on the onsite risk assessment form) the site a Site Specific TMP will be required:

- Road Closure
- Or at TMCs request

Any changes to the approved TMP must be documented on the Onsite Record/Risk Assessment form (example below of how this will be recorded)

#### Parking Restrictions

Parking restrictions are to be installed at least 24 hours in advance of the works occurring. Parking restriction signage is to show actual work times and dates. Parking restrictions are to use the appropriate signage.

Letter drop to be completed by the contractor at least 5 days prior to works commencing where required if work will take longer than 1 day to complete.

- A risk assessment form is to be completed prior to selecting/installing TMDs.
- Contractor to notify WCC when works are occurring as per the WCC weekly planned work programme.

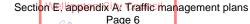
Alternative dates if activity delayed

N/A – works will be carried out within the times/dates as listed. All programmed work will be submitted to WCC by 12pm Thursday each week for the weekly road works report.

Road aspects affected (delete either Yes or No to show which aspects are affected)					
Pedestrians affected?	Potentially	Property access affected?	Potentially	Traffic lanes affected?	Potentially
Cyclists affected?	Potentially	Restricted parking affected?	Potentially	Delays or queuing likely?	Potentially

Proposed traffic management methods









Once on site, the TMP will be implemented as follows:

- Parking legally and assessing the site and hazards using the on-site hazard form and using the risk matrix then picking a TMD to suit the emergency works with the lowest matrix score.
- •
- STMS to check the TMP is appropriate to the worksite. Where the TMP is not suitable, halt proceedings until the necessary actions have been taken
- All vehicles are to have correct signage and flashing beacons. They also need to have continuous and appropriate communication with the STMS and each other on an agreed channel at all times
- Work vehicles required on site will be parked within the site or parked legally nearby.
- Where these are affected STMS to contact Metlink (021 896 375 in first instance during business hours or 0800 801 700 afterhours) 30 minutes prior to site installation.
- Where these are affected STMS to contact WCCTOC (Orville Reyes 021 196 4733 or Tim Kirby 021 277 8243) 30 minutes prior to installation of works near or at traffic signals.
- Where these are affected STMS to contact WTOC (0800 869 286) 30 minutes prior to site installation of works near or at traffic signals on highways.

Installation (includes parking of plant and materials storage)

#### Layout Procedure

When it is not possible to walk the required signage out then the Installation of the site will be done under a level 1 mobile closure with appropriate work vehicles and crew.

- A site drive through will be conducted first to confirm layout, conditions and environment are all appropriate for works to proceed.
- Vehicle positioning will be as far to the left as practical and the installation vehicle will be stationary at the installation of each sign, with activity occurring only on the non-traffic side of the vehicle.
- Advanced warning signage will be installed first on the left, followed by progressive signage installation in a 'loop' fashion around the site area.
- Once ALL signage for the site has been installed delineation and direction signage will be installed in the following order;
  - o Longitudinal Delineation (Along the lane)
  - o Tapers & RD6 signage

Once all delineation is installed and prior to personnel, vehicle, plant and machinery populating the worksite, a drive through check must be performed by the STMS to ensure the site has been set up as per the selected TMDs, this should include the checking of worksite layout distances.



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- An STMS or delegated TMO must be onsite at all times.
- TC/STMS to assist pedestrians/cyclists/driveways and any resident/business driveways.
- For MTC Stop/Stop &, Stop/Go cyclists will be sent prior to any vehicles via a safe and sufficient route such as a footpath/berm based on risk assessment.
- STMS to risk assess each site for any hazards and document them all on the risk assessment
- Site checks are to be completed based on the risk assessment form and documented on the onsite record.
- e-Stop portable traffic signals to be monitored and controlled at all times.

#### Works near Signals:

- Signage within 150m of traffic signals need WCCTOC approval.
- Any affected signal loops must be first approved by WCCTOC and notified to WCCTOC during the pre-installation call to allow them to adjust signal management if required.
- Signage within 150m of any traffic signals located on highways need approval from WTOC (0800 869 286). Any affected signal loops must be first approved by WTOC and notified to WTOC during the pre-installation call to allow them to adjust signal management if required.

#### Works near Pedestrian Crossings:

- Footpath Restricted / Diverted behind berm
- Pedestrians may be directed to a temporary footpath in the carriageway.
- Pedestrians may be escorted through the site.
- Pedestrians may be directed to use the path on the other side of the road.
- Pedestrians may be directed to use the path on the other side of the road, temporary refuge installed.
- If a short-term closure of the footpath (<5min) for site access is required, a spotter is to be used and any pedestrians are either asked to wait or walked around the plant when safe to do so.
- Pedestrians will be directed to use an alternative crossing at the traffic lights on

#### BUSES:

Attended (day)

- Metlink approval required for Bus Stop relocations/ Closures.
- All signage to be placed in suitable position not obstructing Bus Stop.
- Refer to the attached GWRC bus stop guidelines.

- A 30kph TSL will be established when cyclists are to be merged with traffic during these works.
- A 30kph TSL and cyclist merging sign will be established when cyclists are to be merged with traffic during these works.
- Cyclists to be held by MTC staff and guided to wait on the side of the road to be sent separately to traffic for safety.
- The lane width will be over 4.0m and a TSL will not be required. We will establish a Cyclist merging sign before the work site.

#### RUBBISH COLLECTION:

STMS to be mindful of rubbish collection days and assist when required.

#### SCHOOLS:

- All work must cease within 50m of the school 30minutes before and after the start and end of each school day
- The working space is fenced and work will continue within the fenced area, no vehicles movements will take place 30minutes before and after the start and end of each school day

The work area must take into account the increased number of pedestrians and cyclists and should be reduced to accommodate this 30minutes before and after the start and end of the school day







Generic closures as per attached diagrams

Site will be attended by a minimum of a level 1, AB STMS or higher.

All staff on the site shall be briefed on the traffic management requirements before starting work on any site. If lighting towers are required, the STMS must ensure they do not cause a glare hazard for traffic.

The STMS must consider the following on night shifts:

- All night works are excluded from this TMP without the approval of noise and TMC.
- An STMS or delegated TC/TMO must be onsite at all times.
- TC/STMS to assist pedestrians/cyclists/driveways and any resident/business driveways.
- For MTC Stop/Stop & Stop/Go cyclists will be sent prior to any
- vehicles via a safe and sufficient route such as a footpath/berm based on risk assessment.
- STMS to risk assess each site for any hazards and document them all on the risk assessment form.
- Site checks are to be completed based on the risk assessment form and documented on the onsite
- record
- e-Stop portable traffic signals to be monitored and controlled at all times.
- Additional lighting is required.

#### Works near Signals:

- Signage within 150m of traffic signals need WCCTOC approval.
- Any affected signal loops must be first approved by WCCTOC and notified to WCCTOC during the pre-installation call to allow them to adjust signal management if required.
- Signage within 150m of any traffic signals located on highways need approval from WTOC (0800 869 286). Any affected signal loops must be first approved by WTOC and notified to WTOC during the pre-installation call to allow them to adjust signal management if required.

# Attended (night)

#### Works near Pedestrian Crossings:

- Footpath Restricted / Diverted behind berm
- Pedestrians may be directed to a temporary footpath in the carriageway.
- Pedestrians may be escorted through the site.
- Pedestrians may be directed to use the path on the other side of the road.
- Pedestrians may be directed to use the path on the other side of the road, temporary refuge installed.
- If a short-term closure of the footpath (<5min) for site access is required, a spotter is to be used and any pedestrians are either asked to wait or walked around the plant when safe to do so.
- Pedestrians will be directed to use an alternative crossing at the traffic lights on

#### BUSES:

- Metlink approval required for Bus Stop relocations/ Closures.
- All signage to be placed in suitable position not obstructing Bus Stop.
- Refer to the attached GWRC bus stop guidelines.

#### CYCLIST:

- A 30kph TSL will be established when cyclists are to be merged with traffic during these works.
- A 30kph TSL and cyclist merging sign will be established when cyclists are to be merged with traffic during these works.
- Cyclists to be held by MTC staff and guided to wait on the side of the road to be sent separately to traffic for safety.
- The lane width will be over 4.0m and a TSL will not be required. We will establish a Cyclist merging sign before the work site.



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Site should only be one day operation but in any case, that aftercare is needed:

- STMS to risk assess potential unattended closure requirements and if a suitable/safe unattended closure/site can be installed prior to starting work. This is to be documented on the risk assessment
- Where hazards are present an appropriate aftercare closure would be installed as required.
- Contractor to perform risk assessment on site and determine if additional lighting sources are
- A site check must be completed a minimum of once every 24hrs or as required due to adverse weather or complaints.

As part of preparing the worksite to be left unattended, also consider the following actions:

- Reduce the size of the worksite as much as possible
- If TSLs have been installed, consider whether these are still required or whether the TSL should be changed (remember that changes to the TSL must be approved)
- Sweep any loose material from the sealed road surface
- Check that the road is trafficable for all types of traffic
- Check that the footpaths are trafficable and that the cone bars have been removed and the appropriate fencing has been installed if required
- Check that all signs are sand bagged and positioned correctly
- Check that all delineation devices are clean and positioned correctly.
- Consider the site visibility for hours of darkness or poor weather conditions.

All equipment and materials must be positioned well clear of the live lanes and adequate protection for road users must be maintained at all times. Check that site lines for traffic is not blocked by plant or material

Where possible, site is to be reduced to lessen impact to road users as and when possible

Road Space Booking (attached), CAR and email notification to the TMC & Corridor access manager will be required for any works required to be left unattended.

# Unattended (day)





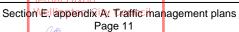




/ SENCI	and the restriction of
	Site should only be one day operation but in any case, that aftercare is needed:
	<ul> <li>STMS to risk assess potential unattended closure requirements and if a suitable/safe unattended closure/site can be installed prior to starting work. This is to be documented on the risk assessment form.</li> <li>Where hazards are present an appropriate aftercare closure would be installed as required.</li> <li>Contractor to perform risk assessment on site and determine if additional lighting sources are required.</li> <li>A site check must be completed a minimum of once every 24hrs or as required due to adverse weather or complaints.</li> </ul>
Unattended (night)	<ul> <li>As part of preparing the worksite to be left unattended, also consider the following actions:</li> <li>Reduce the size of the worksite as much as possible</li> <li>If TSLs have been installed, consider whether these are still required or whether the TSL should be changed (remember that changes to the TSL must be approved)</li> <li>Sweep any loose material from the sealed road surface</li> <li>Check that the road is trafficable for all types of traffic</li> <li>Check that the footpaths are trafficable and that the cone bars have been removed and the appropriate fencing has been installed if required</li> <li>Check that all signs are sand bagged and positioned correctly</li> <li>Check that all delineation devices are clean and positioned correctly.</li> <li>Consider the site visibility for hours of darkness or poor weather conditions.</li> </ul> All equipment and materials must be positioned well clear of the live lanes and adequate protection for road users must be maintained at all times. Check that site lines for traffic is not blocked by plant or material
	Where possible, site is to be reduced to lessen impact to road users as and when possible
	Road Space Booking (attached), CAR and email notification to the TMC & Corridor access manager  """  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""
	will be required for any works required to be left unattended.
	A detour route is not required or approved for this TMP
Detour route	Does detour route go into another RCA's roading network? No
Dotodi Todio	If Yes, has confirmation of acceptance been requested from that RCA?—No
	Note: Confirmation of acceptance from affected RCA must be submitted prior to occupying the site.

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- Where these are affected the STMS is to contact Metlink (0800 801 700) for any works on a bus route or impacting bus stops 30 mins prior to installation – Refer to the attached GWRC bus stop quidelines.
- Where these are affected the STMS is to contact WCCTOC (Orville Reyes 021 196 4733 or Tim Kirby 021 277 8243) 10 mins prior to removing the closure.
- Where these are affected the STMS is to contact WTOC (0800 869 286)10 minutes prior to site
- If work is being completed at night, the above contacts are to be notified by 4pm of the expected finish time.

#### Removal

Work plant / vehicles to be removed from site before closure is removed

When it is not possible to walk the required signage in, Removal of the site will be done under a level 1 mobile closure with appropriate work vehicles and crew.

- Workspace delineation to be removed first (by either removing to the kerb for later collection or directly onto a stationary working vehicle)
- Centreline delineation may now be removed using the same method as installation
- Once all delineation is removed sign removal may commence in a clockwise 'loop' fashion (leaving advanced warning signage in place till last)
- A full site check being conducted prior to site departure.

The STMS will carry out the final check before leaving the site.

Proposed TSL	s (see TSL decision matrix for guidance)			
	TSL details as required Approval of Temporary Speed Limits (TSL) are in terms of Section 6 of Land Transport Rule: Setting of Speed Limits 2017, Rule 54001/2017 (List speed, length and location)	Times (From and to)	Dates (Start and finish)	Diagram ref. no.s (Layout drawings or traffic management diagrams)
Attended day/night	A temporary maximum speed limit of 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60km/h is hereby fixed for motor vehicles travelling over a maximum contiguous length of 800m on local roads within the Wellington City Council CBD Area as noted on the on-site record on a site-by-site basis.  STMS to document on the Onsite Record daily.	24hrs	01/08/2023 To <b>30/07</b> /2024	F2.8, F2.9, F2.11, F2.12, F2.13, F2.14, F2.15, F2.16, F2.17, F2.18, F2.19, F2.20, F2.21, F2.22, F2.26, F2.27, F2.28, F2.29, ATMS02, ATMS03, ATMS04, J2.19a, J2.20a, J2.20b, J2.20c, J2.20d, J2.20e
Unattended day/night	A temporary maximum speed limit of 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60km/h is hereby fixed for motor vehicles travelling over a maximum contiguous length of 800m on local roads within the Wellington City Council CBD Area as noted on the on-site record on a site-by-site basis.  STMS to document on the Onsite Record daily.	24hrs	01/08/2023 To <b>30/07</b> /2024	F2.8, F2.9, F2.11, F2.12, F2.13, , F2.18, F2.19, F2.20, F2.21, F2.22, F2.26, F2.27, F2.28, F2.29, J2.20a, J2.20b, J2.20c, J2.20d, J2.20e
TSL duration	Will the TSL be required for longer than 12 months?  If yes, attach the completed checklist from section I-18: C Processes for TSLs to this TMP.	Guidance on TMP I	Monitoring	No

Positive traffic management measures	APPROVED CAR R957162	
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The STMS onsite will ensure Positive Traffic Management Measures are in place to control vehicle speeds, increase public awareness and minimize disruption by providing clear and positive guidance.

This can include but not limited to:

- Side friction is used to create a tunnel effect for vehicles travelling past work sites to reduce the speed limit of the travelling vehicles, therefore providing a safer environment for the public and the contractors
- Closer spacing's of delineation devices.
- Using flashing beacons, flares, illuminated signs or temporary speed humps must be discussed with respective RCA prior using onsite.
- If queuing or unforeseen disruption occurs, additional advanced signage may be used and further sign spacing (or more)
  outside
- Cone offset delineation where cones are placed either side of a lane(s), the cones on one side are placed longitudinally offset from the other by a half cone spacing.
- STMS to install additional TM i.e. thresholds or pinch points to help reduce the speed of passing vehicles
- STMS/TMO/TTM worker's to monitor and assist pedestrian activity around work areas so they safely pass works without interference with traffic
- Police assistance may be sought if excess speed is a significant issue and presents a real and immediate danger to the activity or the public. Work may be suspended if driver behaviour at any time presents excess risk.
- Additional lighting to be installed at MTC positions (mandatory at night).

Reduced cone spacing (2.5m) can be utilised to increase impact Side friction is used to create a Minimum lane width tunnel effect for drivers. The STMS maintained as per can employ this method whilst still temporary/permanent speed restriction retaining required lane width. The longitudinal length of the side friction depends on the length of the area required for reduced speed 1.50 m 1.50 m





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#### Contingency plans

#### Generic contingencies for:

- major incidents
- incidents
- pre planed detours.

Remove any options which do not apply to your job

#### Maior Incident

A major incident is described as:

- Fatality or notifiable injury real or potential
- Significant property damage, or
- Emergency services (police, fire, etc) require access or control of the site.

#### Actions

The STMS must immediately conduct the following:

- stop all activity and traffic movement
- secure the site to prevent (further) injury or damage
- contact the appropriate emergency authorities
- render first aid if competent and able to do so
- notify the RCA representative and / or the enaineer
- under the guidance of the officer in charge of the site, reduce effects of TTM on the road or remove the activity if safe to do so
- re-establish TTM and traffic movements when advised by emergency authorities that it is safe to
- Comply with any obligation to notify WorkSafe.

#### Incident

An incident is described as:

- excessive delays real or potential
- minor or non-inquiry accident that has the potential to affect traffic flow
- structural failure of the road

#### Actions

The STMS must immediately conduct the following:

- stop all activity and traffic movement if required
- secure the site to prevent the prospect of injury or further damage
- notify the RCA representative and / or the engineer
- STMS to implement a plan to safely remove TTM and to establish normal traffic flow if safe to do so
- re-establish TTM and traffic movements when it is safe to do so and when traffic volumes have reduced.

# Detour

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If because of the on site activity it will not be possible to remove or reduce the effects of TTM once it is established a detour route must be designed. This is likely for:

- excessive delays when using an alternating flow design for TTM
- · redirecting one direction of flow and / or
- total road closure and redirection of traffic until such time that traffic volumes reduce and tailbacks have been cleared.

The risks in the type of work being undertaken, the risks inherent in the detour, the probable duration of closure and availability and suitability of detour routes need to be considered.

The detour and route must be designed including:

- pre-approval form the RCA's whose roads will be used or affected by the detour route
- ensure that TTM equipment for the detouretc are on site and pre installed.

#### **Actions**

When it is necessary to implement the pre-planned detour the STMS must immediately undertake the following:

- Notify the RCA and / or the engineer when the detour is to be established
- Drive through the detour in both directions to check that it is stable and safe
- Remove the detour as soon as it practicable and safe to do so and the traffic volumes have reduced and tailbacks have cleared
- Notify the RCA and / or the engineer when the detour has been disestablished and normal traffic flows have resumed.

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Note also the requirements for no interference at an accident scene:

In the event of an accident involving serious harm the STMS must ensure that nothing, including TTM equipment, is removed or disturbed and any wreckage article or thing must not be disturbed or interfered with, except to:

- save a life of, prevent harm to or relieve the suffering of any person, or
- make the site safe or to minimise the risk of a further accident; or
- maintain the access of the general public to an essential service or utility, or
- prevent serious damage to or serious loss of property, or
- follow the direction of a constable acting in his or her duties or act with the permission of an inspector.

Other contingencies to be identified by the applicant (i.e. steel plates to quickly cover excavations)

- If for any reason traffic delays exceed 5 minutes the STMS in charge of the site is to assess the traffic levels and the site will be either (in order of preference); modified, postponed or cancelled. Until traffic volumes reach an acceptable level
- All reasonable steps will be taken immediately to open the site if emergency vehicles need to gain access or use the work site as thoroughfare
- If adverse weather occurs while the site is still active, the STMS in charge of the site is to assess the weather conditions and the site will be either (in order of preference); modified, postponed or cancelled. Until weather conditions are acceptable for work to carry on
- Site fencing will also be available if required

Authorisations						
Parking restriction(s)	Will controlled street parking	g be affected?	Yes (potentially)	Has approval been granted?	N/A	
alteration authority	Pre-approval required from par	rking services befo	ore works comm	ence.		
Authorisation to	Will portable traffic signals be used or permanent traffic signals be changed?		Yes (potentially)	Has approval been granted?	No	
work at permanent	WCC TOC to be notified 30	mins prior to site	e installation a	nd upon removal. Pre-approval required.		
traffic signal sites	WTOC to be notified 30 mins prior to site installation and upon removal of any works near highway traffic signals. Pre-approval required.					
Road closure authorisation(s)	Will full carriageway closure continue for more than 5 minutes (or other RCA stipulated time)?		No	Has approval been granted?	No	
authorisation(s)	Road Closures not approved for this TMP					
Bus stop relocation(s) –	Will bus stop(s) be obstructed by the activity?		Yes (potentially)	Has approval been granted?	No	
closure(s)	STMS to contact metlink (0800 801 700) prior to installation and removal of site if buses and/ or bus stops are affected. Pre-approval required					
Authorisation to use portable traffic signals	Make, model and description/number	eSTOP Portal model# • 627 - 1, 627 • 628 - 1, 629 • 630 - 1, 630 • 631 - 1, 631	nals:			
	NZTA compliant?	Yes				

EED			
Is an EED applicable?	Potentially	EED attached?	No – If an EED is required then TMC is to be contacted

Delay calculations/trial plan to determine potent	LAPPROVED
Delay calculations/that plan to determine potent	al extent of delays — —
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#### e-STOP & Stop Go Closures:

Risk assessment form to include if delays are likely to occur based on the assessment completed by the STMS prior to installing the TTM closure. Delay management to be documented on the risk assessment form where more than 500 VPD.

Delays of up to 2 minutes can be expected due to the nature of the TTM implemented. The STMS is to take measures to ensure delays remain under 2 minutes at all times, and gueues do not extend past the advance warning signage.

If delays are occurring or excessive queueing is apparent, the STMS is to implement one of the following contingency plans;

- 1) Contact TMC.
- 2) Traffing Metering

Send only a specific amount of vehicles per side instead of clearing the entire queue

- 3) Pause works and open site
  - Make the site safe, remove plant and vehicles from the carriageway and open the tapers
- 4) Prioritise high flow route
  - Send vehicles from the approach with the highest flow first. Hold side street traffic for slightly longer if required.
- 5) Install additional signage

Install T2A/T234 "Warning – Hidden Queue" signage up to 2xB from the initial advance warning signage for additional advance warning

STMS will continuously monitor for delays - TMC will be notified of any excessive delays.

#### Public notification plan

For planned works a letter drop will be completed 5 days prior to works commencing.

Public notification plan attached?

Nο

# On-site monitoring plan

Attended

(day and/or night)

#### STMS onsite

The onsite STMS Level 1/CAT A,B or delegated TMO will be onsite at all times except for when they are conducting their 2 hourly site check. STMS may be away from the worksite to complete the site check as per CoPTTM Section C19.5.1 Monitoring frequency for TTM measures

# STMS handing over to TMO

When the STMS is not able to be onsite they can hand the site over to a suitably qualified TMO (P) This must be a formal handover which will include a briefing of the site and documented.

#### Site management system:

- When the site is attended the STMS will monitor the site 2 hourly, maintain, and make any minor changes as necessary for the ongoing safety of the site
- All site checks and or minor changes to be recorded on the on-site records, or any other company or site documentation as required
- Major changes to be approved by TMC
- They will monitor the site efficiency, timings of traffic flow through the site and specifically the safety of cyclists and pedestrians passing through the controls
- Signs are visible and positioned as per approved plan
- Correct and clean equipment is used
- High visibility jackets are used by all staff and visitors and are done up and compliant.
- The first inspection should take place as soon as the equipment has been installed. This should verify that all devices are correctly in place, no item has been omitted, all equipment meets its cleanliness requirements and no conflicting messages exist between permanent signs.
   Temporary signs and other devices
- Site maintenance will be completed in the manner appropriate for the level of the road and speed limits
- Additional inspections during inclement weather and high winds will be done at STMS discretion

Following any change to an attended site / E D

A full check of the site will be completed and documented

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Section (E, appendix A: Traffic management plans





Site should only be one day operation but in any case, that aftercare is needed:

Unattended (day and/or night)

- During day light hours of inactivity, the site will be monitored once in a 24hr period, including Saturday/Sunday and public holidays.
- Additional inspections during inclement weather and high wind.
- Extra site checks may be required if complaints are received, or site checks are showing a consistent requirement for more than one site check

#### Method for recording daily site TTM activity (eg CoPTTM on-site record)

The attached "On-Site Record" sheet is to be used to record the monitoring of the TTM to ensure the traffic management measures remain fit for purpose, suitable, installed and used correctly. Monitoring will follow the prompts provided on the recording sheet, and if multiple STMS' check this site, each STMS must initial and sign for the respective times.

The worksite monitoring including:

- the site set-up and removal
- 2-hourly monitoring
- Hazard ID sheet
- Risk assessment form
- On-site record form
- Checking process for Generic TMPs form to be completed prior to set up of a worksite when using this TMP.

This will be retained with approved TMP for 12 months and is available on request at any time.

### Site safety measures

PPE requirements are as per the clients minimum standard and this MAY include the following:

- Hard Hat (when within 5m of moving machinery / at risk of falling objects)
- High ankle lace up steel cap boots
- ➤ Hi-Vis vest as per CoPTTM, (eg TTMC-W)
- ➤ Long pants, long sleeves
- Safety glasses
- > Gloves (task specific, when there is risk of hand injuries)
- All other PPE will be as per standard work activity requirements
- The STMS will wear a CoPTTM compliant STMS vest.

#### TTM Induction Briefing

Before occupation of the working space, staff on-site will be given a TTM Induction Briefing at a safe location that is clear of the live lane (tool-box meeting) by the STMS on the conditions of the accepted traffic management plan. This will include but not limited to, entry to the worksite, material delivery, role responsibilities, PPE, hazards and controls, safety (no go) zones and first aid / emergency procedures.

# Site Visitors

All visitors are to report to (or be directed to) the STMS who will advise the safety procedures and hazards specific to the temporary traffic management deployed. Visitors are required to wear a compliant high visibility vest but may require additional PPE to enter the working space. All visitors must sign the TTM Induction Briefing as acknowledgment of understanding the safety and hazard requirements.

### Working Space / PPE

Compliant PPE (as specified by the site fore person) must be worn before entering the working space. All personnel entering the working space must be briefed by the site fore person on the hazards present and any emergency procedures (e.g., location of first aid kit, staff with first aid certification and nearest medical centre).

#### Night works

- Staff working at night will use personal lighting to improve visibility where required
- Overhead lighting will be required for all MTC staff
- Overhead lighting will be in place for work crew to highlight the work area hazards



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Will a temporary safety barrier system be used at this worksite?	No	If yes, has the temporary safety barrier designed by an installation designer ar independently reviewed as being fit for	nd	N/A
Statement from temporary safety k	arrier instal	lation designer attached	N/A	

#### Other information

# LEVEL 1 LAYOUT DISTANCES TABLE

Permanent speed limit or RCA- designated operating speed (km/h)		≤50	60	70	80	90	100
Traffic signs							
Α	Sign visibility distance (m)	50	60	70	80	90	100
В	Warning distance (m)	50 or 30*	80	105	120	135	150
C	Sign spacing (m)	25 or 15*	40	50	60	70	75
Safe	Safety zones						
D	Longitudinal (m)	10 or 5*	15	30	45	55	60
Ε	Lateral (m)	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tapers							
G	Taper length (m)*	30	50	70	80	90	100
K	Distance between tapers (m)	40	50	70	80	90	100
Delineation devices							
Cone spacing in taper (m)		2.5	2.5	5	5	5	5
Cone spacing: Working space (m)		5	5	10	10	10	10

- Larger minimum distances apply on all state highways and also on all multi-lane roads. The smaller minimum distances may be applied on other roads to accommodate road environment constraints.
- # On non-state highways with speeds 50km/h or less, a 10m taper (with cones at 1m centres) may be used when there are road environment constraints (eg intersections and commercial accesses).

On all roads where shoulder width is less than 2.5m and the activity does not affect the live lane, a 10m shoulder taper is permitted (with at least 5 cones at no greater than 2.5m centres).

A taper of 30m (with cones at 2.5m centres) must be used where manual traffic control (stop/go), portable traffic signals or priority give way are employed.

ı	Lan	e widths								
	Spe	ed (km/h)	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
	F	Lane width (m)	2.75	2.75	3.0	3.0	3.25	3.25	3.5	3.5

Except for delineation device spacings, which are maximum values, the distances specified in the above tables are minimum values.

Diagrams				
Number	Title			
CC1	Work on berm or footpath - light vehicle parked in carriageway			
CC2	Traffic not crossing centre- heavy vehicle parked in carriageway			
CC3	Work on berm and/or foo path, work vehicle parked on berm			





AGENCY	and/of NCA contract reference				
CC4	Footpath diverted onto Shoulder or parking lane				
CC5	Footpath controller guiding pedestrians past the working space				
CC7	Value in shoulder or on berm				
CC8	Valve towards left of the lane				
CC9	Valve towards right of the lane				
CC10	Valve in centre of the carriageway				
CC11	Valve in centre of the intersection				
CC12	Less than 75m CSD				
F2.1	Footpath – Footpath diverted onto berm behind working space				
F2.2	Footpath – Footpath diverted onto berm between working space and carriageway				
F2.3	Footpath – Footpath diverted onto carriageway				
F2.4	Footpath – Footpath closed – permanent speed less than 65kn/h				
F2.5	Shoulder and Roadside Activities – Work in berm and/or footpath				
F2.6	Shoulder and Roadside Activities – Work in parking lane				
F2.7	Shoulder and Roadside Activities – Shoulder closure				
F2.11	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Traffic not crossing road centre				
F2.12	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Traffic not crossing road centre – Signs on median				
F2.13	Two-Way Two-Lane Road - Traffic crossing road centre				
F2.14	MTC alternating flow – Single lane				
F2.15	MTC temporary stop				
F2.16	Priority giveway				
F2.17	Portable traffic lights				
F2.18	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Work in centre of the road				
F2.19	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – Road works on side road after intersection – TSL on side road – Traffic not crossing road centre				
F2.20	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – Road works on side road after intersection – TSL on main road – Traffic not crossing road centre				
F2.21	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – work in middle of intersection				
F2.22	INT – MTC at intersection				
F2.26	Other Hazards – Flooding, washout, slips				
F2.27	Unattended new seal				
F2.28	Unattended surface hazard				
F2.29	Unattended seal repairs				
F2.30	One-Way Two-Lane Divied or Two-Lane Road – Left-lane closure				
F2.31	One-Way Two-Lane Divied or Two-Lane Road – Right-lane closure				
F4.1	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Work vehicle is more than five (5) metres from the edgeline				
F4.2	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Work vehicle is within five (5) metres from the edgeline				
F4.3	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Work vehicle is within five (5) metres from the edgeline – Speed limit over 65km/h				
F4.4	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Work vehicle is in a lane				
F2.8	Cycle Lane – Traffic not crossing road centre				
F2.9	Cycle lane – Traffic crossing road centre – Diverted cycle lane – coned lane control				
F4.10	Inspection Activities and Non-Invasive works				
ATMS02	Single -lane alternating flow A Portable e-Stops				
	lemal Divon				





ATMS03	Cycle lane – Cycle lane closed – Portable e-STOP
ATMS04	Closure at intersection or roundabout – Portable e-Stops with MTC on side roads
ATMS05	Pedestrian Provision – Footpath closed – Pedestrian escorted
ATMS06	One-Way Two-Lane divided or Two-Lane Road – Part or all of a lane occupied – Semi-static closure – work for up to 1 hour
ATMS07	Inspection Activities and Non-Invasive works – Centre of road
ATMS08	Two-Way Two-Lane Road - Cul De Sac Closure
J2.16a	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – short no exit road
J2.19a	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – intersection or roundabout – Major obstruction close to intersection
J2.20a	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – After intersection – Traffic not crossing road centre
J2.20b	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – After intersection – Traffic crossing road centre
J2.20c	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – Before intersection – Traffic not crossing road centre
J2.20d	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – Before intersection – Traffic crossing road centre
J2.20e	Two-Way Two-Lane Road – Intersection or roundabout – On median near intersection
Mobile Closure	Install and removal
L	



**APPROVED** 





Contact details	3					
	Company / Council	Name	24/7 contact number	CoPTTM ID	Qualification	Expiry date
Principle	Wellington Water	Tim Harty	021 451 104	-	-	-
TMC	Wellington City Council	Amanda Wolfaardt	021 723 080	128480	L 2/3 NP	16/09/23
Engineers' representative	Wellington Water	Valitha Roos	021 510 923	-	-	-
Service Delivery Manager	Wellington Water	Alistair Forsyth	021 507 440	-	-	-
	Citycare	Wayne Kelland	027 263 8731	-	-	-
	Citycare	Mark Thompson	027 542 6244	-	-	-
	Citycare	Paul Coles	03 941 7225	-	-	-
	Dawson Waste Services Ltd	Jan Godfrey	04 528 9909	-	-	-
	Davies Waste Solutions	Evan Davies	027 283 8831	-	-	-
	RS Cabling	Nathan Rose	027 275 4317	-	-	-
	SAP Contractors	Glenn Churches	027 272 1666	-	-	-
	SAP Contractors	Jonathon Manava	027 216 6651	-	-	-
	Silver Lining Contracting Ltd	Renee Wilkie	021 0828 0647	-		-
	Greenstone	Whai Williams	04 566 0890	-		-
	Cubic Metre	Taupau Peni	021 345 379	-	-	=
	Cubic Metre	Andrew McWhirter	021 345 79	-	7.	-
	Kahu Contractors	Harold Paul	021 027 37643	-	-	-
	Jet black Asphalt	Neville Playford	027 2089309	=	-	-
	GP Friel	Dave Phillipson	022 657 2402	e i me i co	EDM DE	1
	Detection Services	Tim Armstrong	027 4576 113	41 3	ERAIL	
Contract	Detection Services	Ross Beckett	04 915 0530	-		=
interim	E Carson & Sons	Eddie Carson	027 442 4343	(E.N.		-
contacts	AD Riley & Co Ltd	Chris Parkinson	021 305 637			-
	P & N Siteworks	Peter Lindsey	027 2358 363	The Contract of the Contract o	7 -	-
	Central Plumbing (Wellington) Ltd	Anthony Eden	022 6385 704	$\sim$	J -	-
	WAL Gordon Plumbing	Wal Gordon	027 2114 007		-	-
	Cardino NZ Ltd	Jane Nichols	021 199 5917	-	-	-
	Intergroup	Wayne Carling	027 239 7187	-	-	-
	Intergroup	Kerrod Foaese	021 133 5973	-	-	-
	G P Friel Ltd	Dave Philipson	022 657 2402	-	-	-
	SONAS	Edward Rooney	027 326 4068	-	-	-
	Southeys Group	Leonard Vertigans	027 275 4315	-	-	-
	S & R Asphalts Ltd	Scott Hay	027 440 2405	-	-	-
	Multi Civil Contractors Limited	Cody Pepere	027 322 6483	-	-	-
	Hydrotech Group	Neil Cherry	021 730 502	-		-1
	Hydrotech Group	Paul Reynolds	021 730 486	-	-	-
	Quik-Shot Trading as AES	Eddy Warda	022 018 0705	-	-	-

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Section Ellappendix A: Traffic management plans

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AGENCY	aunis and	I/OFRUA CONTRACT FEIEFE	ricc			
	HCC Trade Waste Team	Pakau Tanirau	027 2441 6376	-	-	-
	HCC Trade Waste Team	David Fahey	027 642 3345	-	-	-
	Drain Doctors	Ian Pauley	04 566 9252	-	-	-
	Wellington Pipelines	James Fruean	027 499 9223	-	-	-
	PTS	Bux Manuseuga	027 836 5243	-	-	-
	Mottmac	Patrick Wharewera- Jones	027 746 8395	-	-	-
	Mottmac	Matthew Cooper	021 688 013	-	-	=
	Vac U Digga	Kathy Fandham	021 246 3615	-	-	-
	Ace Drain Unblockers	Rudolf Roppl	027 249 7492	-	-	-
	Concrete Cutting NZ	Aldon Solomon	021 737 674	-	-	-
	Contract Sealing	Chris Curtis	027 487 3726	-	-	-
	Concrete Solutions Ltd	Cameron Dearlove	021 744 317	-	-	-
	Construction Contracts Limited (CCL)	Steve Scrimshaw	(04) 567 9777	-	-	-
	E N Ramsbottom Ltd	Michelle Hoffman	027 471 6246	-	-	-
	Horokiwi Paving Limited	Peter Green	027 443 2206	-	-	-
	McCormack Group	Willy McCormack	027 449 3985	-	-	-
	PCL Contracting Ltd	Luke Lee	027 210 2079	-	-	-
	Podium Concrete	Bradley Roberts	(04) 237 9595	-	llu:	-
	Pope & Gray	Jeremy Gray	027 466 5538	-		-
	Precision Concrete Pumping & Spraying Limited	Steve Graham	027 233 1794	-		=
	Rob's Concrete Cutting	Robert Betty	021 631 957	-	-	-
	Shane McGrath Contracting	Shane McGrath	027 493 8911	-	-	-
	Solid Art Concrete	Nui Ririnui	022 126 2130	MTG	EDMIC	E C
	TQ Concrete Placers Ltd	Tom Paki	027 404 2032		11.01.	
	Groundworks Ltd	Brigid Smith	021 281 2357	-	N	-
	McLatchie & Sharp Ltd	Adam Clarke	027 443 3760	0	, de	-
	Higgins Contractors	Peter Herbert Paul Baddington	(04) 472 8460		7.	-
	Ives Plumbing Ltd	Terry Ives	027 443 0469	$\sim$	1 .	-
	Action Civil	Dave Murtagh	027 442 2971		1 .	-
	ATMS	Vena Lam Sam	021 767 165	39930	ABC - P	22/09/24
	ATMS	Martyn Sauaiga	027 348 9478	72781	AB - P	19/08/25
	PTS	Bux Manuseuga	027 836 5243	-	-	=
	Men@Work TM	Office	0800 636 289	-	-	-
TTM Interim	TMNZ	Steven Loftus	027 4919 494	-	-	-
Contacts	TMNZ	Office	04 237 7712	-	-	-
	Wellington Water	Steve Watt	021 507 440	-	-	-
	Citycare	Wayne Kelland	027 263 8731	-	-	-
	Citycare	Mark Thompson	027 542 6244	-	-	-
	SAP Contractors	Glenn Churches	<del>02</del> 7 272 1666	-	-	-
	SAP Contractors	Jonathon Manava	027 216 6651	-	-	-
	•	CAR R95/162		1		1

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	Silver Lining	Bill Wilkie	021 082 20647	-	-	-
	Greenstone	Whai Williams	04 566 0890	-	-	-
	Cubic Metre		021 345 379	-	-	-
	Jet black Asphalt	Neville Playford	027 2089309	-	-	-
	Cardino NZ Ltd	Jane Nichols	021 199 5917	-	-	-
	RS Cabling	Nathan Rose	027 275 4317	-	-	-
	HCC Trade Waste Team	Pakau Tanirau	027 2441 6376	-	-	-
	HCC Trade Waste Team	David Fahey	027 642 3345	-	-	-
	P & N Siteworks	Peter Lindsey	027 2358 363	-	-	-
	Central Plumbing (Wellington) Ltd	Anthony Eden	022 6385 704	-	-	-
	Detection Services	Tim Armstrong	027 4576 113	-	-	-
	Quik-Shot Trading as AES	Eddy Warda	022 018 0705	-	-	-
	Hydrotech Group	Neil Cherry	021 730 502	-	-	-
	Hydrotech Group	Paul Reynolds	021 730 486	-	-	-
	Intergroup	Wayne Carling	027 239 7187	-	-	-
	Intergroup	Kerrod Foaese	021 133 5973	-	-	-
	Shepherd Traffic Management Solutions	Richard Shepherd	029 777 9099	-	-	-
	Men At Work	Kurt Puryer-Smith	027 274 2369	-	lic.	-
	' '	Todd Lynch	027 282 0998	-		-
		Ratu Kapaiwai	027 514 9675	-		-
	TPlans Limited	Tayla Varcoe	021 717 592		F	
	Traffic Safe	Julie Hitchock	027 450 6565			
	Traffic Management NZ Ltd	Ian Satherley	021 400 023			
Others as required	wcc toc	Orville Reyes Tim Kirby	021 196 4733 021 227 8243	NT S	ERVIC	E.S
required	Metlink Contac	ct Centre	0800 801 700	-	V -	-
	WTOC		0800 869 286			

TMP preparation							
	Pania Werahiko	26/07/2023	P.Werahiko	149481	STMS (A) – NP	/	11/01/2026
Preparation					STMS (B) - NP		25/01/2026
	Name (STMS qualified)	Date	Signature	ID no.	Qualification	TTMP	Expiry date

<sup>\*</sup> additional column added to indicate the attended (or confirmed booking) date of the named designer on the NZTA Temporary Traffic Management Planners (TTMP) workshop as required by the NZTA technical note, issued 9 December 2019

This TMP meets CoPTTM requirements				Number of diagrams attached				58
TMP returned for								
correction (if required)	Name		Date	Signature	ID no.	Qualific	cation	Expiry date
Engineer/TMC to co	mplete following section wh	en approva	al or acceptance	e required				
Temporary safety barrier system	The attached temporary road as being fit for purpose	safety barri CAR R95	i <mark>er design has bee</mark> n independently reviewed			Not red	quired	
		lemal Dix	/on					





TMP Approved	Name	Date	Signature	ID no.	Qualification	Expiry date
Acceptance by						
TMC (only required if TMP approved by engineer)	Name	Date	Signature	ID no.	Qualification	Expiry date

### Qualifier for engineer or TMC approval

Approval of this TMP authorises the use of any regulatory signs included in the TMP or attached traffic management diagrams.

This TMP is approved on the following basis:

- 1. To the best of the approving engineer's/TMC's judgment this TMP conforms to the requirements of CoPTTM.
- 2. This plan is approved on the basis that the activity, the location and the road environment have been correctly represented by the applicant. Any inaccuracy in the portrayal of this information is the responsibility of the applicant.
- 3. The TMP provides so far as is reasonably practicable, a safe and fit for purpose TTM system.
- 4. The STMS for the activity is reminded that it is the STMS's duty to postpone, cancel or modify operations due to the adverse traffic, weather or other conditions that affect the safety of this site.

Notification to TMC prior to occupying worksite/Notification completed							
Type of notification to TMC required	Wellington City Council weekly road works report	Notification completed	Date Time	Every Thursday  By 12pm			





PAR.

# Risk Control Plan Dat

te:	<b>Client:</b>	С
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Cam	nany	Name
COIII	Dally	Maille



STMS:	Name & Number	Client Forman Onsite:	Name & Number	ATMS Vehicle/s:	
Site:	Address	Job Number:		First Aider(s):	Name
Suburb:	Location	RCA:	Local Council or NZTA	First Aid Kit:	Location
TMP Reference		Diagram Baing Haad		Nearest Hospital or	Address / Location
Number:		Diagram Being Used:		Clinic:	
Closure Type:		TSL Installed:		Assembly Point:	Name & Number
Is Generic Check List	Is	s Mobile Onsite Record		Fire Equipment:	Location
Needed?		Needed?		rife Equipment.	
Site Installation	Time	Fully Dismantled Time:	Time	Spill Kit:	Location
Time:	Site F	rully Distrialfued Time:		Spili Kit:	

What is the plan for the day? Noted changes.						

## PPE Requirements for the task (tick all that apply)

•	•	
Compulsory Day-glo vests, shirts or overalls are mandatory on all work sites (worn done up)	<b>(5)</b>	P2 mask to worn when in the vicinity of machinery that can cause dust and fumes
Compulsory Steel or composite capped lace up boots are mandatory on all work sites		Full cover clothing or overalls must be worn where there is a risk of abrasions, exposure to heat, CAL rated clothing to be worn in on electrical work sites
Must be worn on site when something could fall on you, or you could fall		Must be worn when risk of dust or foreign objects entering the eye. Or when handling hazardous materials.
Must be worn when operating all machinery or when you need to raise your voice to be heard by someone 1 m away		Must be worn when handling hazardous materials or when handling sharp objects (not to be worn when there is a risk of entanglement)
Compulsory if working off the deck  Harness and lanyards must be used correctly when on the deck of work vehicles.	Other PPE Required:	

#### RISK MATRIX - Consider the likelihood of the event happening Unlikely Possibly unlikely Likely to could likely to Hierarchy of controls happen. happen. happen. happen. You can lower the risk by using Catastrophic/Extreme (e.g. the most effective controls. Medium Critical Critical Fatal, damage to plant, High Critical environment, organisation) (Eliminate), and if it is not practicable, then consider the Major (e.g. Permanent next control in the hierarchy. Critical disability, damage to plant, Medium Critical High environment, organisation) Eliminate: Moderate (e.g. 1. Eliminate the hazard Hospitalisation/short- or longterm disability, damage to Medium Critical Minimise: 2. Substitute the hazard plant, environment. organisation). 3. Isolate the hazard 4. Use engineering controls Minor (e.g. First aid, damage to 5. Use administrative controls Medium High plant, environment, Low 6. Use PPE organisation). Superficial/minimal (e.g. No treatment required, damage to Low Low High High plant, environment. organisation).

## Important contact numbers: in an emergency call 111

Mana Harding - HR/H&S Manager - 027 213 5654

Jade Ng - General Manager - 021 767 541

Karl Beglin - Fleet/Operations - 021 529 729

# **STOP**

### Is there a critical risk onsite?

- High/Critical chance of falling from height (no harness onsite)
- High/Critical chance of entrapment or lack of escape route
- High/Critical chance of there being a safety zone/live lane breach.

### If answer yes:

controls or stop work

Supervisor/Manager Called/Time Outcome? Continue with

**Contact Management prior to** start work. Ensure a mitigation plan is in place



Physical Distancing – At Orange and Red maintain at least 1 m from other people, or if this isn't practical it is strongly encouraged to wear a mask.



Stay home if unwell – if you have any cold or flu symptoms, stay home and call Healthline on 0800 358 5453 for advice. Speak with your manager.



YES / NO



Wash your hands with soap and water often (for at least 20 seconds). Then dry. OR use hand sanitiser



Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces and objects, such as doorknobs, toilets, gates

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Final Risk Rating:
If high or critical, <u>PAUSE</u> and check with your manager before proceeding

Task: Wha	at am I doing?				Risks: Wha	t could go wrong	g?					Controls: How can	I do it safe	ely?		Low	Med	High	Crit
															working?				
															~ ×				
															place &				
															ii g				
															controls in				
															Cont				
															Are the				
									_						_ Are				
The following must be explained by the STMS as part of the site induction	Site Set Up Explaine Roles/Responsibiliti Established	ed & les	Work Zo	nes Established	Exclusion Establishe	Zones d		plained Risks And ontrols In Place			Site E Estab	Entry & Exit Points blished	Evacu Estab	ation Point lished		Opportun Questions Given	ity For s/Answers		
Full name	Time in	Time out	Phon	e number	Am I fit and well for work today?	Do I understand risk controls an they in place Y / N	d are	Have I bee site & have I the risks f	advi	sed oth my wor	ers of	Am I trained and co and wearing the co for what I am d Y / N	rrect PPE		Si	ignature	:		
								.==											
						APPF		/ED											
						CAR R9571 Jemal Dixo													
						Wellington	City C	ouncil											
						JAR.													

07 September 2023

Daily On-Site Record		rd —	Reference Start Date					Today's Date: sk Sheet Done?		//			7	ָּדְ	
Must be retai	ned for	r 12 mon		Expiry Date		 	Timesheet Done			Y/N			all trassic (Man	AS .	
			Road Nan			Но	use Nui	mbers / F	?P's					Suburb	
			71000710	.0(0)		- 110			0					Casars	
Details	,														
											Signature				
Supervis	or		Name		Contact Phone Number				Signat				ature		
	Notifications to the state of t							/ /							
SIMS			Name		NZTA ID Nun Qualificati		Ex	oiry Date		Signatur	е	D	Date	7	ime
STMS/TN	10				Qualificati	OH		/ /				/	/		
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Jemal Dixon
Wellington City Council

O7 September 2023

#### Worksite Monitoring Refer to your risk sheet for the frequency of site checks Consider the following for your site checklist, this is not an exhaustive list. If you find anything that is not listed, add it to your checklist. Mobile Closure, Site Install, Site Removal Site Active Are harnesses fitted to vehicles and being used Pedestrians accounted for properly Are pedestrian ramps being used where appropriately? Proper PPE being worn by all on site? required? Is the truck signage appropriate (TMA, LAS, Arrow Signs positioned as per the TMP? Are any temporary cycle routes clear of Are there any conflicting signs that board)? clutter and safe to use? Is all gear required for the site is loaded and accounted Is the detour signage clear and easy to need covering? Is the delineation clear and as per the follow? AWVMS or tail pilot has the proper signage? TMP? Are the safety zones being adhered to? Have there been any alterations to the TMP Are the lane widths appropriate for the Is there proper distance between vehicles? Are the vehicles positioned in the lane properly? speed of traffic? not noted? LAS/RD6/AWVMS/VMS/Horizontal arrow boards Is the positive TTM implemented Is the weather on site allowing for the works appropriate and effective? operating correctly to continue safely? Is the road clear and available for planned work? Is the traffic flowing appropriately? Is the TSL appropriate? Are the safety zones maintained from live lane and roll-Is property access accounted for? Are drivers following the speed limit? ahead? Have the MTC's had a break? Are the works going to be finished on time? Checklist Time of Check Check Check Check Check Check Check Items Inspected : : Signed by STMS: Client on Site Time Installed Time Site Notes Date Signature Client off Site Time Removed Signature Date APPROVEL

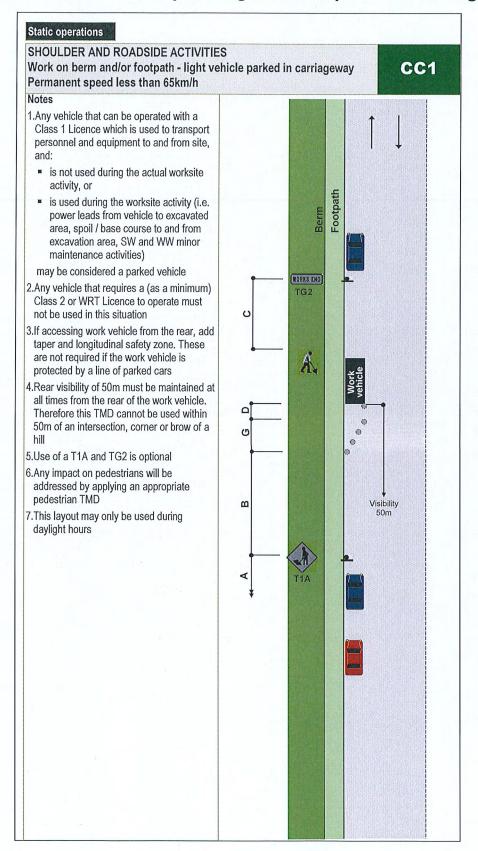
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O7 September 2023

Staff Sign-In										
Name	Date	Do I understand the risk controls and are they in place?	Have I been inducted onto site & have I advised others of the risks from my work?	Am I trained and competent and wearing the correct PPE for what I am doing?	Signed					

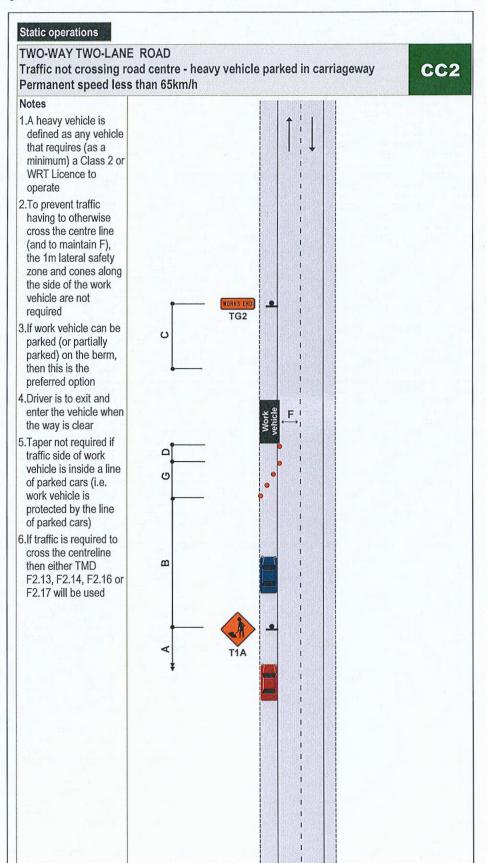
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## 1. CC1 Work on berm or footpath - light vehicle parked in carriageway



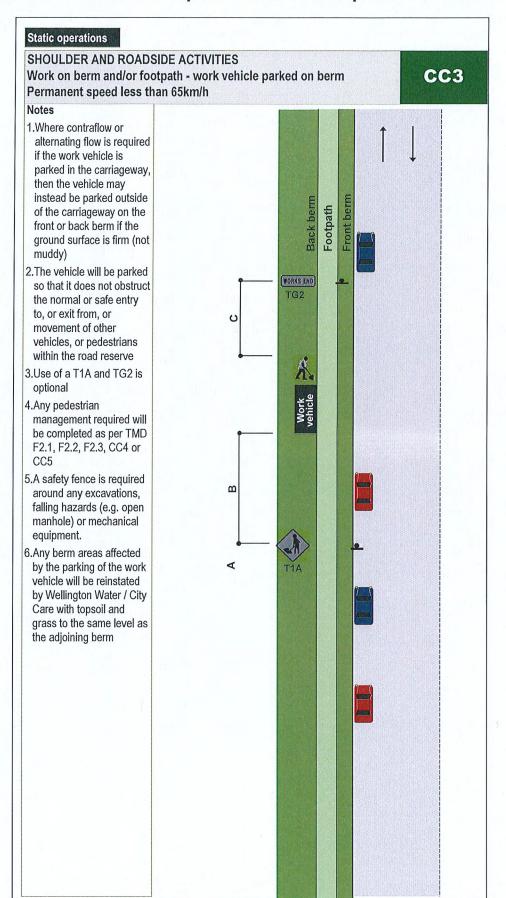


# 2. CC2 Traffic not crossing road centre - heavy vehicle parked in carriageway



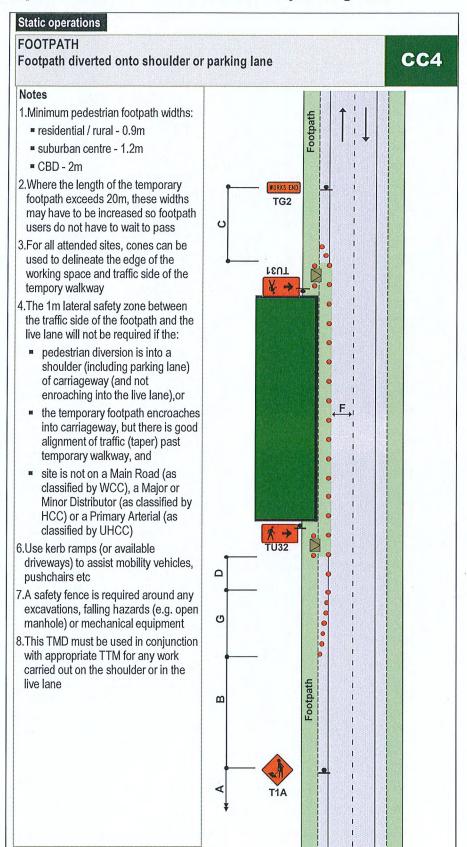


## CC3 Work on berm and/or footpath - work vehicle parked on berm



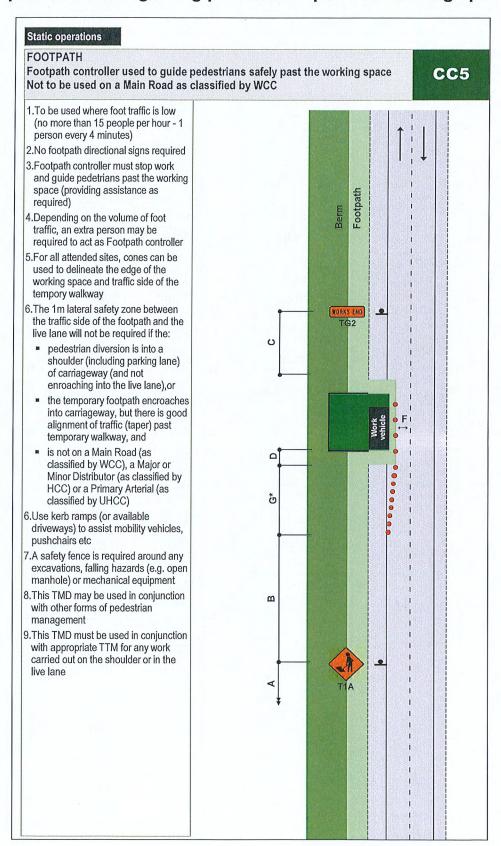
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### 3. CC4 Footpath diverted onto shoulder or parking lane





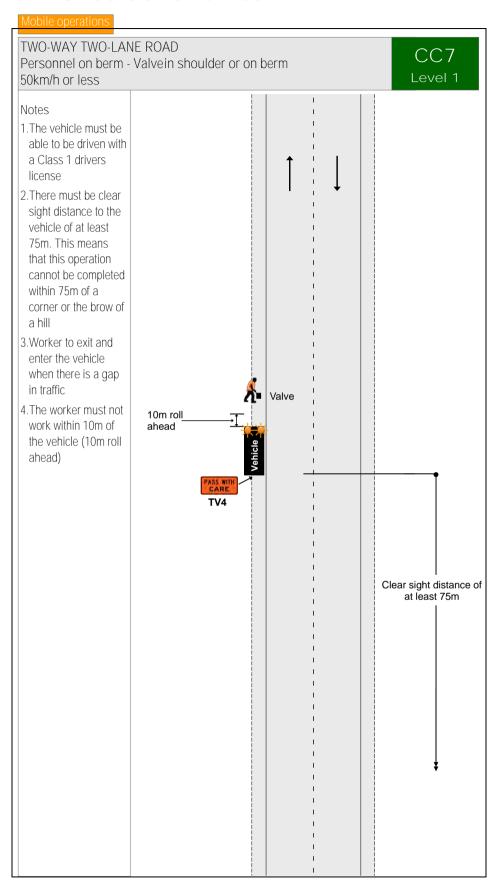
## CC5 Footpath controller guiding pedestrians past the working space







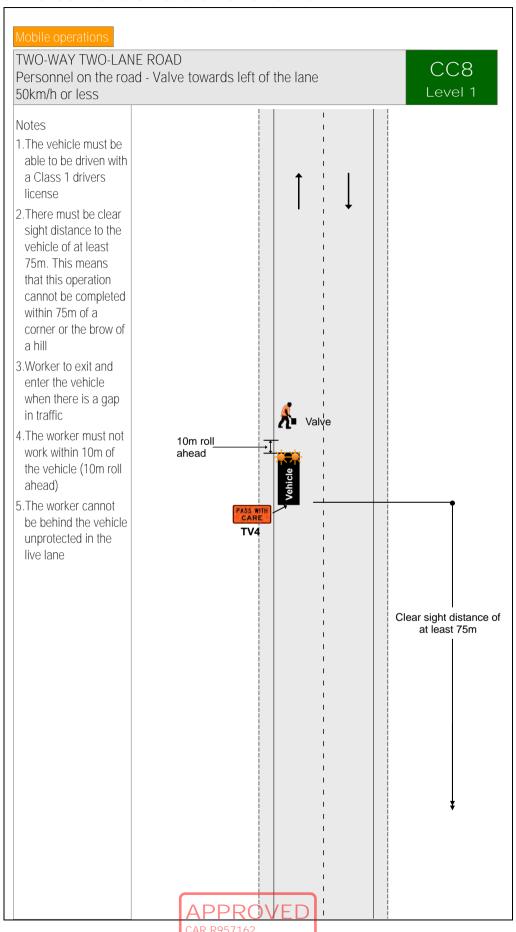
## CC7 - Valve in shoulder or on berm



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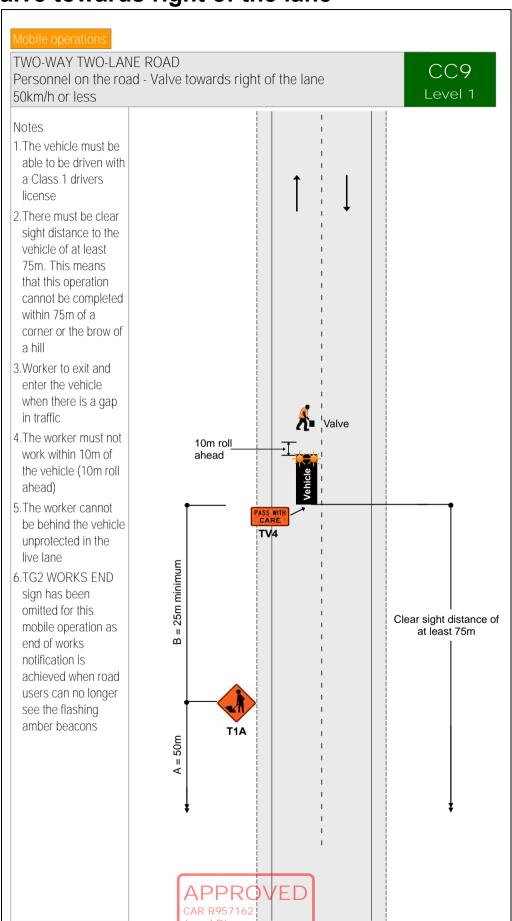


## CC8 - Valve towards left of the lane





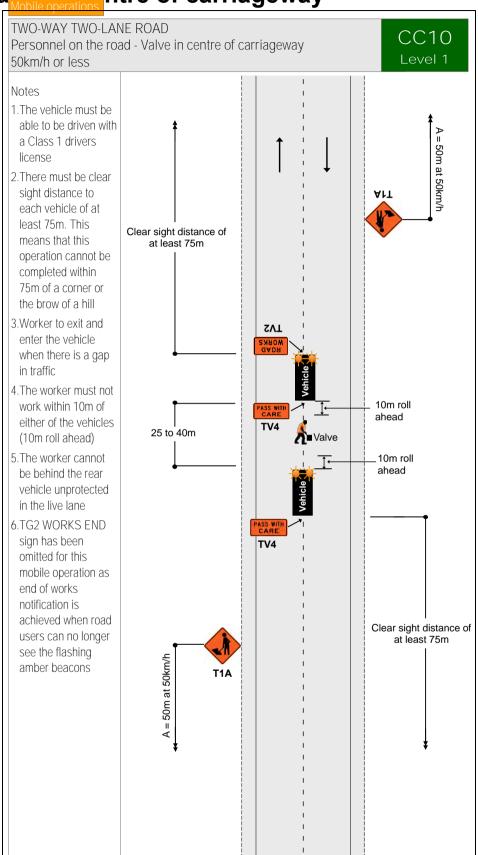
## CC9 - Valve towards right of the lane



07 September 2023



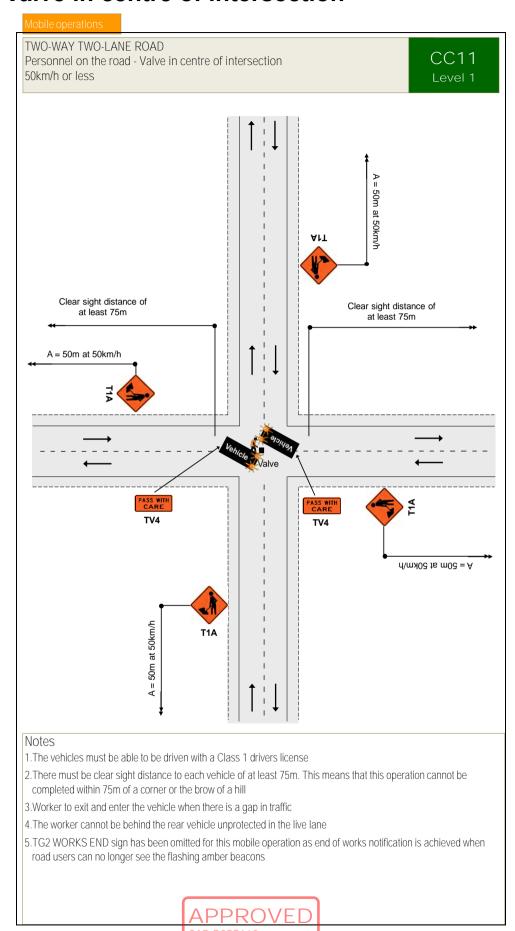
CC10 - Valve in centre of carriageway





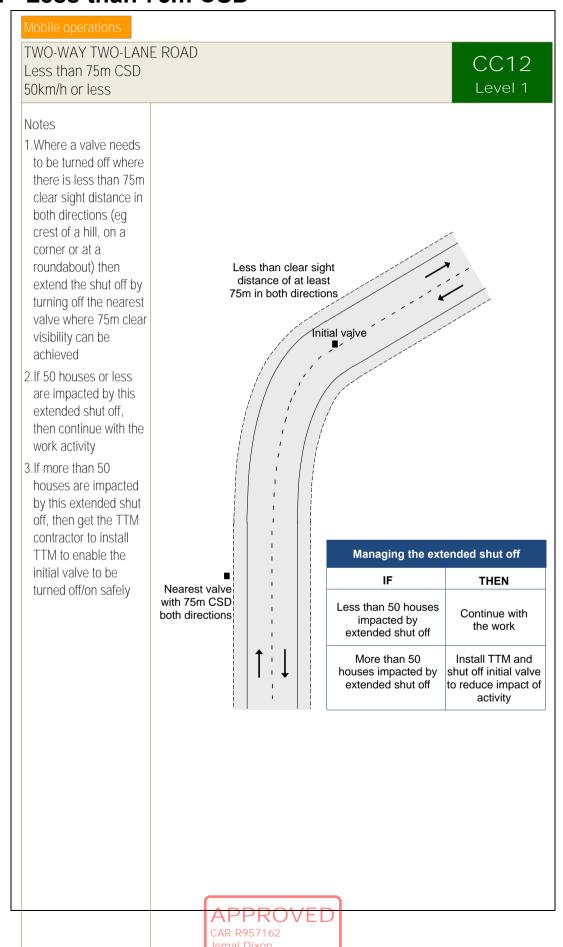


## CC11 - Valve in centre of intersection





## CC12 - Less than 75m CSD



07 September 2023

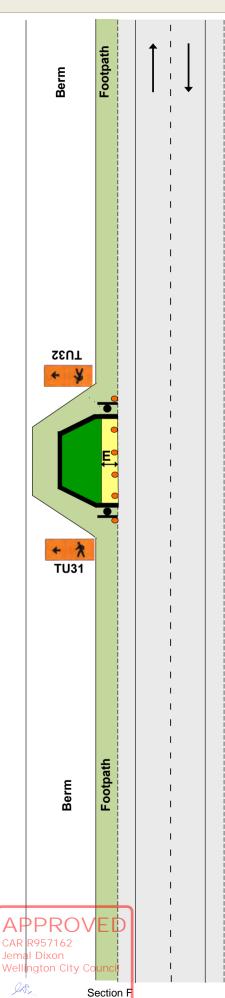
### Static operations

### **FOOTPATH**

# Footpath diverted onto berm behind working space First preference

F2.1 Level 1

- 1.Minimum pedestrian footpath widths:
  - Residential/Rural/Suburban Centre - 1.2m
  - CBD 2m
- 2. Where the length of the temporary footpath exceeds 20m, these widths may have to be increased so footpath users do not have to wait to pass
- **3.**Temporary footpath surfaces must be suitable for footpath users
- 4.Use safety fence to enclose the working space, or at attended worksites, cones connected with cone bars can be used to enclose the working space but only for a short period of time Note: Cone bars are not recommended where heavy equipment (eg a digger) is being used. A safety fence is preferred in these cases
- **5.**This TMD must be used in conjunction with appropriate TTM for any work carried out on the shoulder or in the live lane

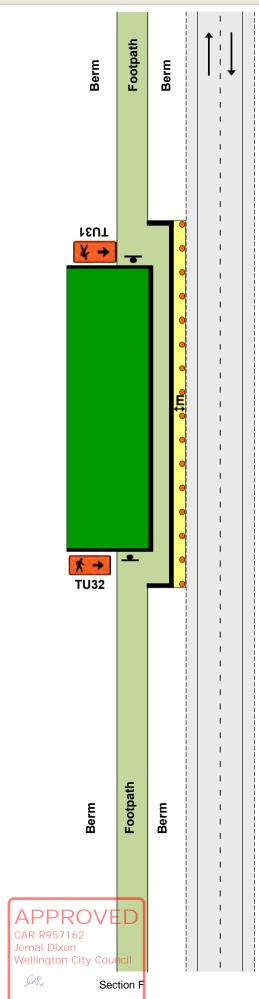


### **FOOTPATH**

Footpath diverted onto berm between working space and carriageway Second preference

F2.2 Level 1

- **1.**Minimum pedestrian footpath widths:
  - Residential/Rural/Suburban Centre - 1.2m
  - CBD 2m
- 2. Where the length of the temporary footpath exceeds 20m, these widths may have to be increased so footpath users do not have to wait to pass
- 3. Temporary footpath surfaces must be suitable for footpath users
- 4.Use safety fence to enclose the working space, or at attended worksites, cones connected with cone bars can be used to enclose the working space but only for a short period of time Note: Cone bars are not recommended where heavy equipment (eg a digger) is being used. A safety fence is preferred in these cases
- 5.Use barrier or safety fence to delineate the traffic side of the footpath, or at attended worksites cones connected with cone bars can be used to delineate the traffic side of the footpath for a short period of time (not for use on state highways)
- **6.**There must be a lateral safety zone between the traffic side of the footpath and the live lane:
  - 0.5m for barrier
  - 1m for safety fence or cone bars
- 7.This TMD must be used in conjunction with appropriate TTM for any work carried out on the shoulder or in the live lane

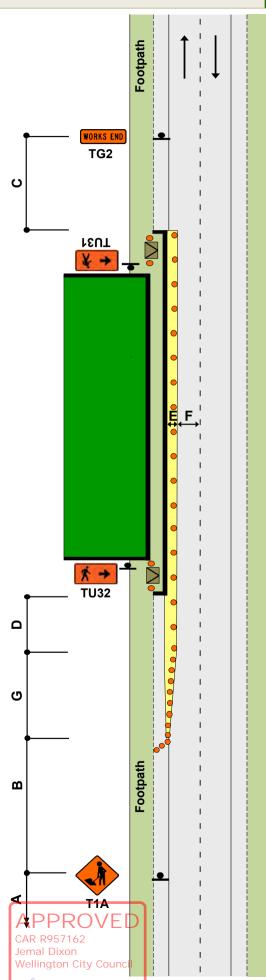


# Footpath diverted onto carriageway Third preference

F2.3 Level 1

### Notes

- **1.**Minimum pedestrian footpath widths:
  - Residential/Rural/Suburban Centre - 1.2m
  - CBD 2m
- 2. Where the length of the temporary footpath exceeds 20m, these widths may have to be increased so footpath users do not have to wait to pass
- 3.Use safety fence to enclose the working space, or at attended worksites, cones connected with cone bars can be used to enclose the working space but only for a short period of time Note: Cone bars are not recommended where heavy equipment (eg a digger) is being used. A safety fence is preferred in these cases
- 4.Use barrier or safety fence to delineate the traffic side of the footpath, or at attended worksites cones connected with cone bars can be used to delineate the traffic side of the footpath for a short period of time (not for use on state highways)
- **5.**There must be a lateral safety zone between the traffic side of the footpath and the live lane:
  - 0.5m for barrier
  - 1m for safety fence or cone bars
- **6.**Use kerb ramps to assist mobility vehicles, pushchairs, etc
- 7.At night-time, corners of safety fence may be illuminated with flashing amber warning lights
- 8.This TMD must be used in conjunction with appropriate TTM for any work carried out on the shoulder or in the live lane



Section F

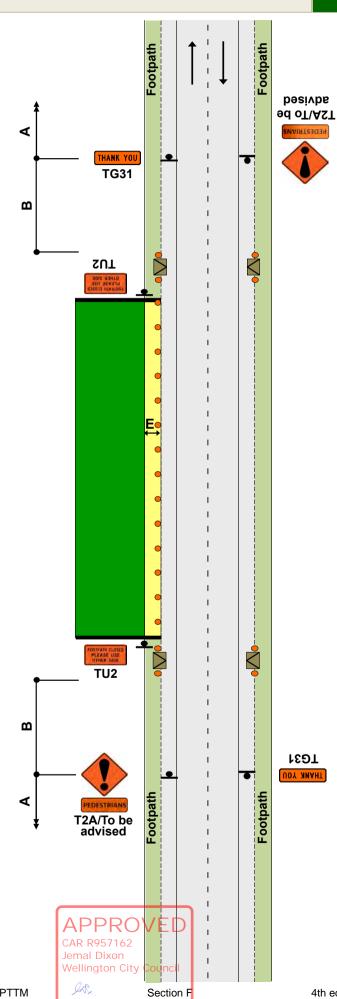
### Static operations

### **FOOTPATH**

Footpath closed - permanent speed less than 65km/h Fourth preference

F2.4 Level 1

- 1.Use T2A and PEDESTRIANS supplementary plate to alert road users to the potential of footpath users crossing the carriageway
- 2.Use safety fence at each end of working space
- 3.Use kerb ramps
- 4.Use another TMD as well, where working space/safety zone encroaches on live lane
- 5.This TMD must be used in conjunction with appropriate TTM for any work carried out on the shoulder or in the live lane

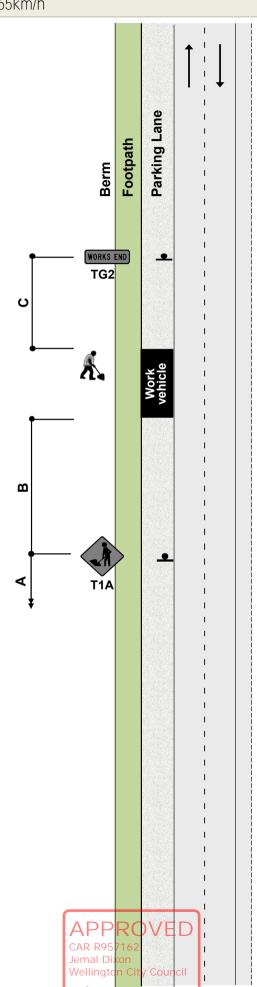


# SHOULDER AND ROADSIDE ACTIVITIES Work on berm and/or footpath Permanent speed less than 65km/h

F2.5 Level 1

### Notes

- 1.Where work is carried out on the berm or footpath and a work vehicle is parked in a legal parallel car park, provided the vehicle is only accessed from the off traffic side, advance warning T1A road works and TG2 WORKS END are optional
- 2.Traffic management must be provided where footpath users or cyclists are affected
- 3. This layout may only be used during daylight hours
- 4.Large plant and machinery must not be used in this situation, a more substantial closure is required



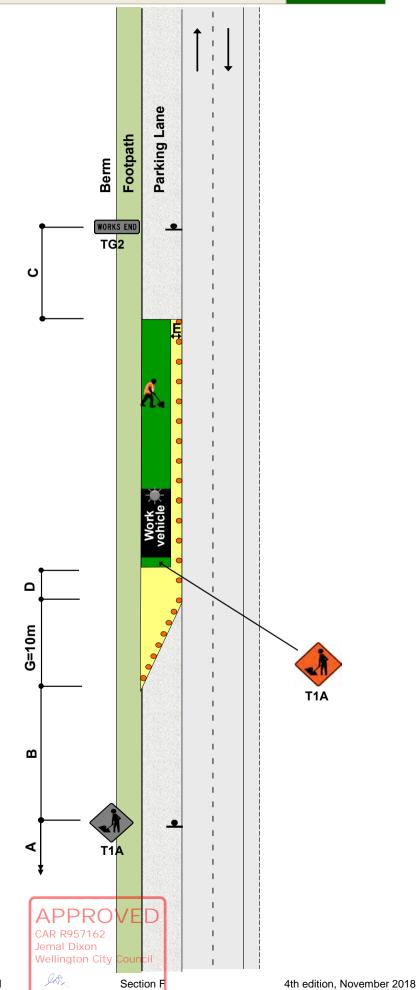
Section F

## SHOULDER AND ROADSIDE ACTIVITIES Work in parking lane

Permanent speed less than 65km/h

### Notes

- 1. Where work is carried out in the legal parking lane (a place where a vehicle would normally park with a footpath and/or kerb and channel alongside), the following minimum standard of TTM must be provided:
  - a 10m taper in front of the work vehicle
  - cones alongside the work vehicle and the working space
  - a longitudinal safety zone
  - a 1m lateral safety zone along the working space
  - a T1A (or other appropriate advance warning sign) mounted on the back of the work vehicle
- 2.T1A road works and TG2 WORKS END signs are optional
- 3. The work vehicle must be no larger than a light truck and may have an amber flashing beacon
- 4. Traffic management must be provided where footpath users or cyclists are affected
- 5. This layout may only be used during daylight hours
- 6. Large plant and machinery must not be used in this situation, a more substantial closure is required



F2.6

Level 1

# SHOULDER AND ROADSIDE ACTIVITIES Shoulder closure

F2.7 Level 1

### Notes

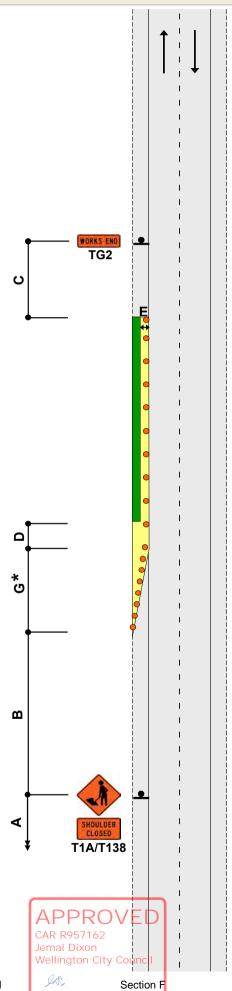
- 1.A 10m taper is allowed where shoulder width is less than 2.5m
- 2.\*For shoulders exceeding 2.5m width, apply the following calculation; calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

### $W \times G$

3.5

W = Width of shoulder

G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table



# TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Traffic not crossing road centre

F2.11 Level 1

### Notes

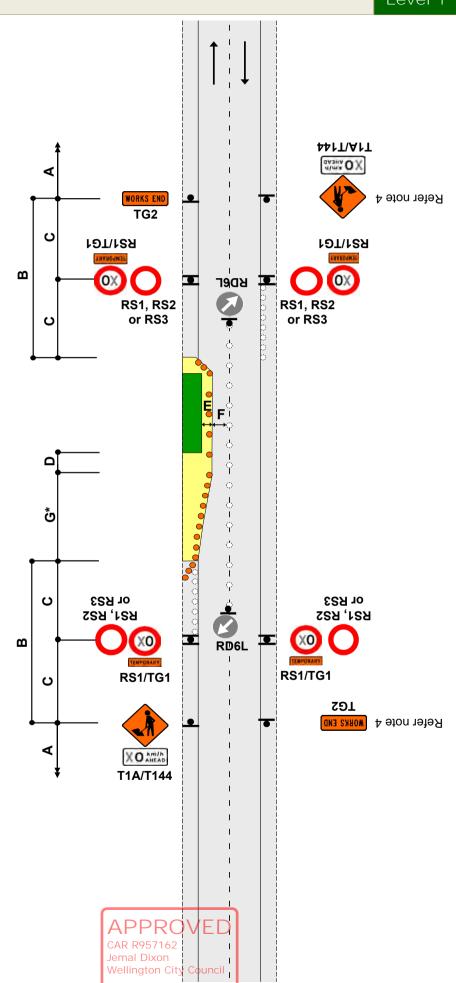
1.\*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

### $W \times G$

3.5

W = Width of lateral shift

- G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
- 2.If traffic likely to cross the centreline, place cones on the centreline with RD6L signs at each end
- 3.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 4.If TSLs not required, the T1A and TG2 signs on the right hand side of the road are also not required
- 5.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



Section F

### TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Traffic not crossing road centre Signs on median

F2.12 Level 1

### Notes

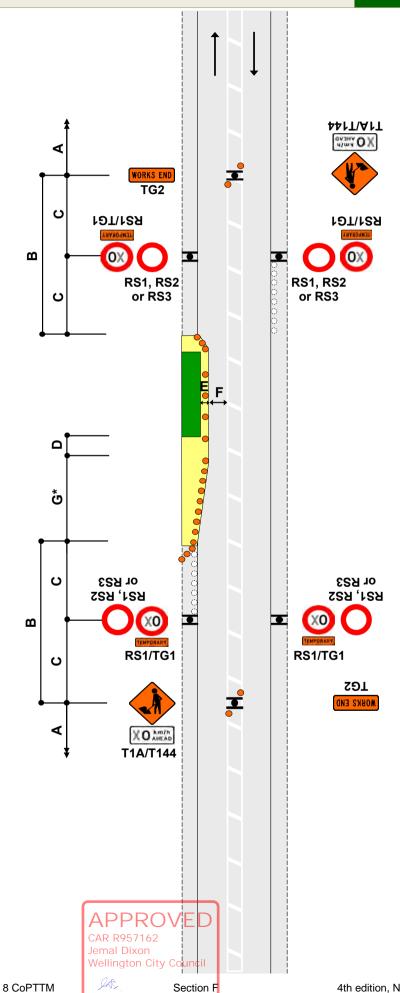
- 1.Use this diagram if signs will not be visible on left-hand side of road, or if it is safer to place signs on median and this will not interfere with turning traffic movements
- 2. Where a median exists which is more than 2m wide, the signs may be positioned on the median. Signs must be placed back-to-back unless on a solid median
- 3. Where there is a solid median, signs are not required in the opposing direction
- 4.\*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

### $W \times G$

3.5

W = Width of lateral shift

- G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
- 5.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 6.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



### Static operations

# TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Traffic crossing road centre Two lane diversion

F2.13 Level 1

### Notes

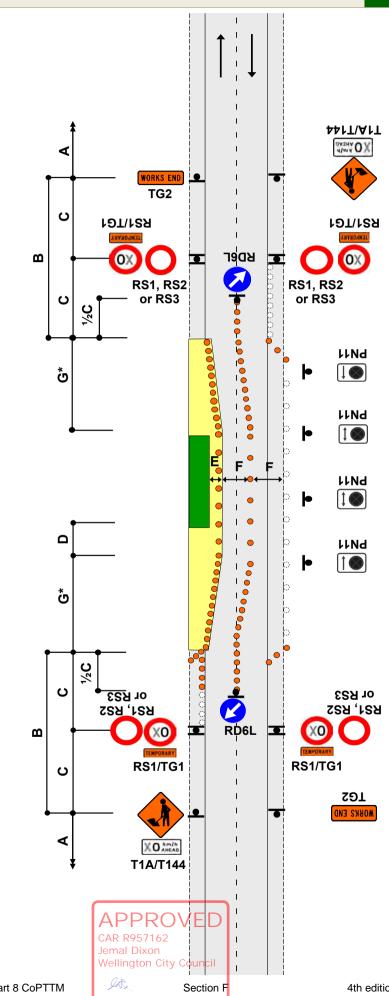
- 1. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined
- Return taper at end of closure may be shortened
- 3.\*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

### WxG

3.5

W = Width of lateral shift

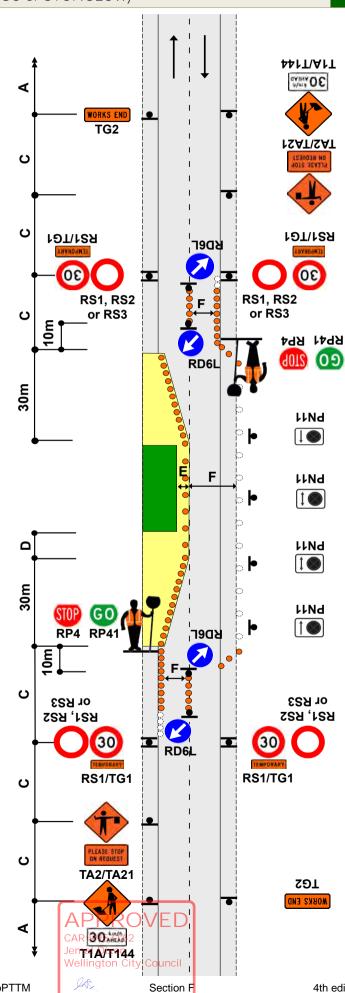
- G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
- 4.To allow heavy vehicles to manoeuvre, cones in the channel must be offset by at least 10m where the direction changes. Refer C8.2.12
- 5. Use PN11 No Stopping signs, if necessary
- 6. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 7. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



# TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Single-lane alternating flow Manual traffic control (STOP/GO or STOP/SLOW)

F2.14 Level 1

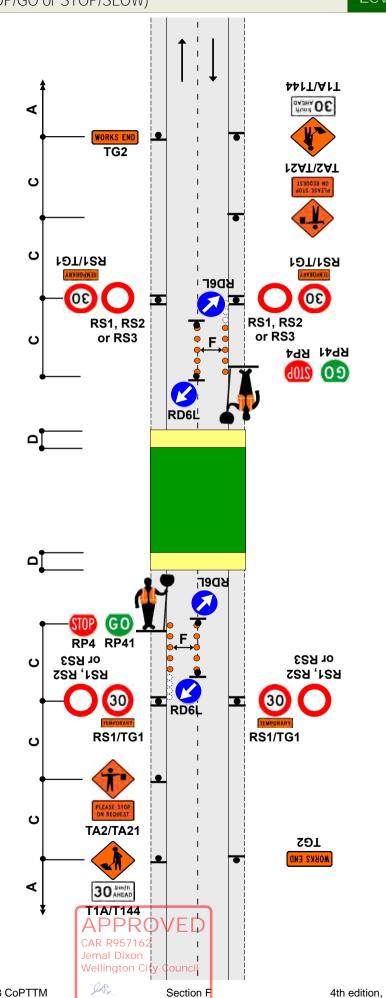
- 1.Extend or place extra advance warning signs towards on-coming traffic beyond any expected traffic queues
- 2.A 30m return taper at the end of the closure is mandatory
- 3. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined
- 4.To allow heavy vehicles to manoeuvre, cones in the channel must be offset by at least 10m where the direction changes. Refer C8.2.12
- 5.Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary
- 6.MTC with RP4/RP41 STOP/GO or RP4/RP42 STOP/SLOW paddle on road shoulder located between 1st and 2nd cone in the cone threshold closest to the working space
- 7. Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold at:
  - 2.5m centres less than 65km/h
  - 5m centres more than 65km/h
- 8. Refer to C10.2.3 MTC essentials for further information
- Delays cannot exceed the time approved by the RCA (normally 5 to 10 minutes)
- 10. The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional



# TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD All traffic stopped temporarily Manual traffic control (STOP/GO or STOP/SLOW)

F2.15 Level 1

- Closure period not to exceed the limit set or approved by the RCA
- 2.Extend advance
  warning signs towards
  on-coming traffic
  beyond any expected
  traffic queues
- 3.MTC with RP4/RP41 STOP/GO or RP4/RP42 STOP/SLOW paddle on road shoulder located between 1st and 2nd cone in the cone threshold closest to the working space
- 4. Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold at:
  - 2.5m centres less than 65km/h
  - 5m centres more than 65km/h
- 5.MTCs must show same message to oncoming traffic (eg STOP/STOP or GO/GO)
- 6.Refer to C10.2.3 MTC essentials for further information
- 7. When road users are passing the working space in alternating flow, all construction equipment must be stopped on same side of the road if there is no separation from the live lane
- 8. Where damage is likely to occur to passing traffic eg during sealing, traffic must be stopped in both directions
- 9.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

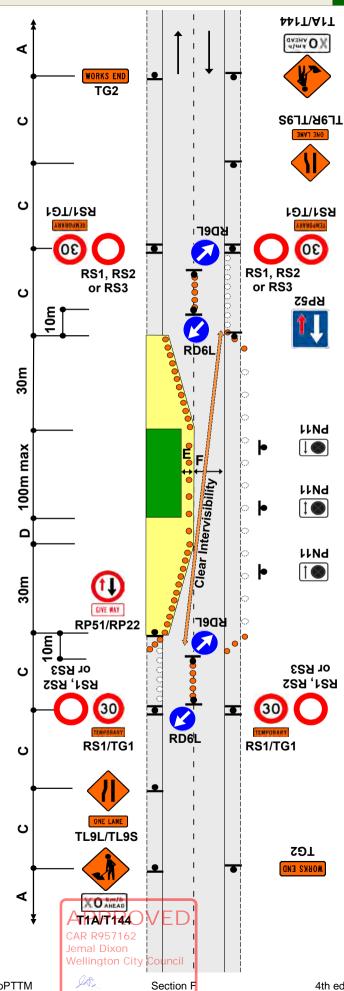


## TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Single-lane (traffic volume less than 1000vpd - 80vph) Give way control

F2.16 Level 1

- 1.The RP51/RP22 and RP52 controls must be placed in the following priority order:
  - downhill traffic must give way to uphill traffic
  - traffic that has to cross into the opposing lane gives way, however where visibility for this vehicle is marginal the contractor may require the other vehicle with better visibility to give way
- 2.Intervisibility is required as indicated on diagram. This means that a vehicle at one sign is able to see whether the way ahead is clear
- 3.A 30m return taper at the end of the closure is mandatory
- 4.Use PN11 No Stopping signs, if necessary
- 5. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined
- 6.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



### Static operations

### TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Single-lane alternating flow Portable traffic signals

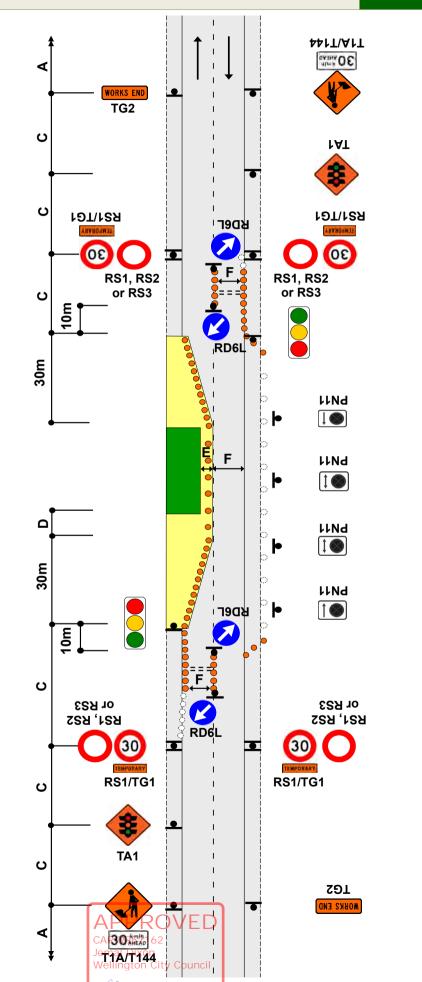
F2.17 Level 1

### Notes

- 1.Provide details of make and model of portable traffic signals in the TMP
- 2.Install temporary limit lines (must be able to be removed upon completion) or use RP61/RP62 signs



- 3. Approved temporary speed humps may also be used. Consider use of MTC while speed humps are installed
- 4.A 30m return taper at the end of the closure is mandatory
- 5. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined
- 6. Extend or place extra advance warning signs towards on-coming traffic beyond any expected traffic queues
- 7. Use PN11 No Stopping signs, if necessary
- 8.Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold at:
  - 2.5m centres less than 65km/h
  - 5m centres more than 65km/h
- 9. The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional



Section F

# TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Work in centre of road

F2.18 Level 1

### Notes

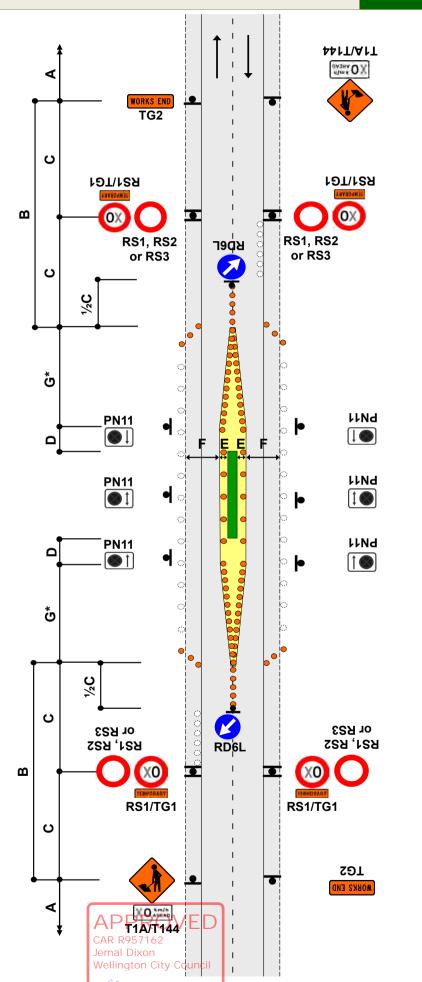
- 1. Cones are required on edge of the temporary lane opposite closure if road is not well defined
- 2.\*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

### WxG

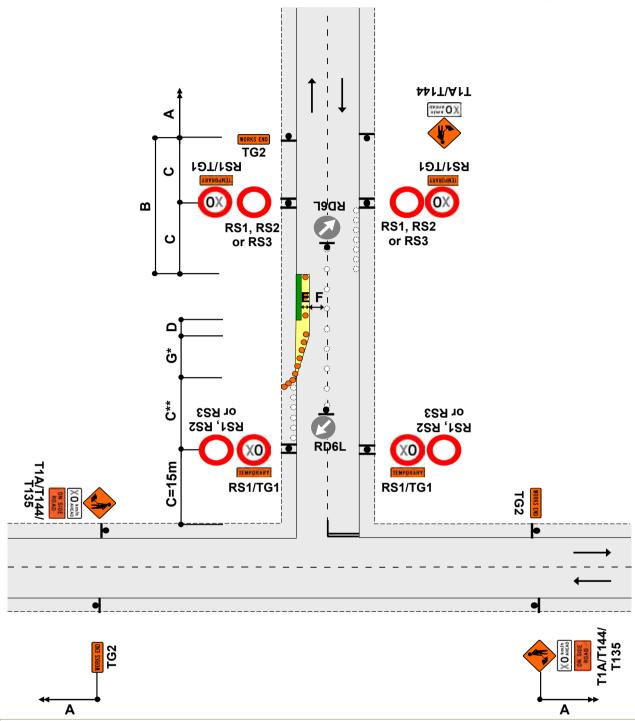
3.5

W = Width of lateral shift

- G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
- 3.Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary
- 4.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 5.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



Section F



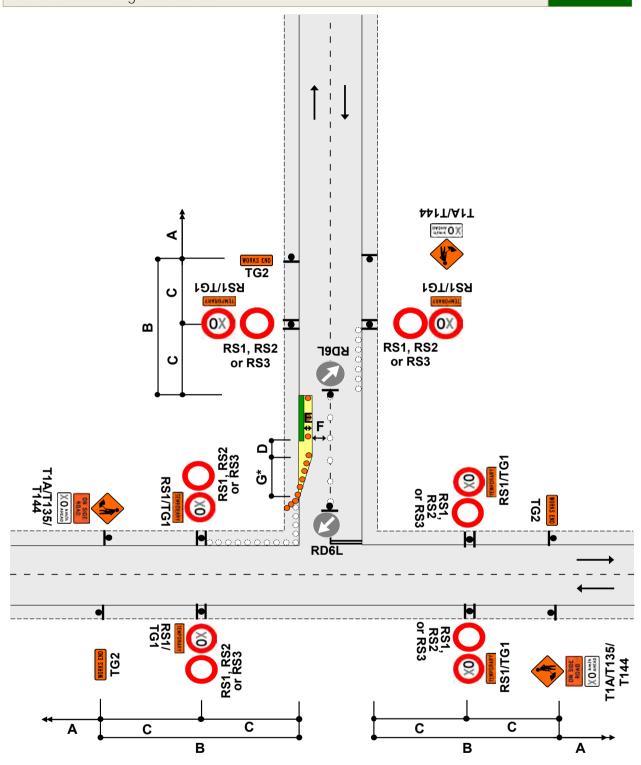
- 1. Sign spacing of TSL at the intersection can be reduced as per the table shown below
- 2. Where minimum dimensions cannot be achieved TMD F2.20 is to be used
- 3. Advance warning signs on main road must be at least the warning distance away from first cone in taper
- 4.\*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

 $W \times G$  W = Width of lateral shift

- 3.5 G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
- 5. If traffic likely to cross the centreline, place cones on the centreline with RD6L signs at each end
- 6. Use TSLs as required by TSL decision matrix

		Speed (PSL)	Intersection to TSL	TSL to taper	Total
	APPROVED CAR R957162 Jemal Dixon Wellington City Council	<50km/h	15m	15m	30m
		60km/h	15m	25m	40m
		>70km/h	15m	40m	55m

C\*\*



1.\*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

 $W \times G$  W = Width of lateral shift

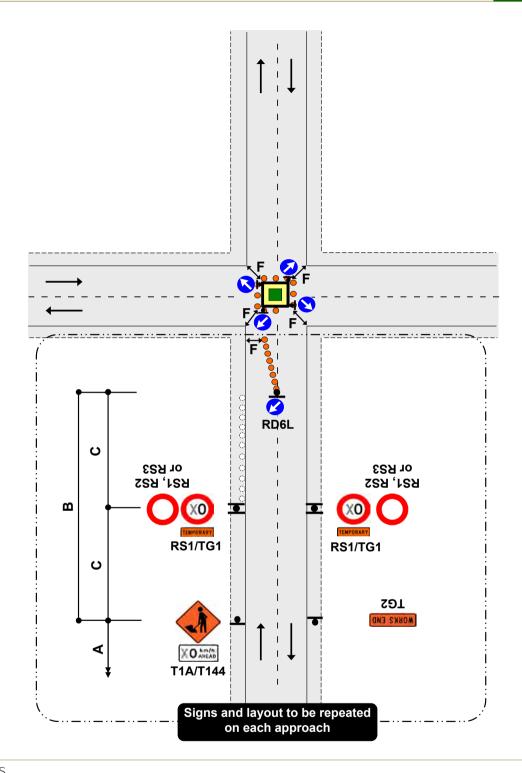
3.5 G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table

2.If traffic likely to cross the centreline, place cones on the centreline with RD6L signs at each end

3.Use TSLs as required by TSL decision matrixAPPROVED

4. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

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- 1. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
- 2. Signs and layout shown in the box at the bottom of the diagram is to be repeated on each approach
- 3.RD6L signs are not required at an existing roundabout
- 4. Cone tapers are optional at existing roundabouts
- 5. Lane widths, F, may need to be increased to allow for turning movements of larger vehicles
- 6.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 7.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

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IN.

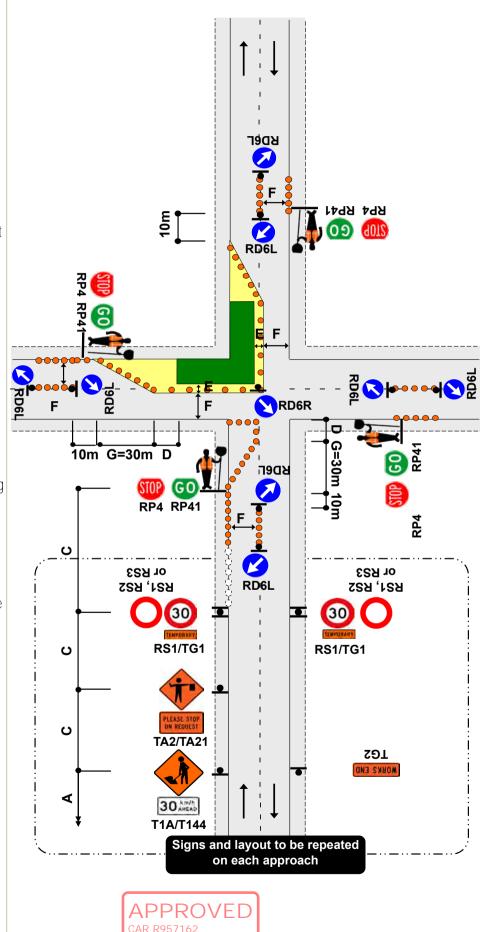
Section F

TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout Closure at corner of an intersection Manual traffic control (Stop/Go or Stop/Slow)

F2.22 Level 1

#### Notes

- This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
- 2. Signs and layout shown in the box at the bottom of the diagram is to be repeated on each approach
- 3.A 30m return taper at the end of the closure is mandatory
- 4.Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary
- 5.MTC with RP4/RP41 STOP/GO or RP4/RP42 STOP/SLOW paddle on road shoulder located between 1st and 2nd cone in the cone threshold closest to the working space
- 6.Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold at:
  - 2.5m centres less than 65km/h
  - 5m centres more than 65km/h
- 7.Refer to C10.2.3 MTC essentials for further information
- 8.On roads with a permanent speed limit of 100km/h, cones are required from the TSL to the taper if the speed is reduced by more than 30km/h
- 9.The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional



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Section F

# TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Other hazard Flooding, washout, slip, slippery surface

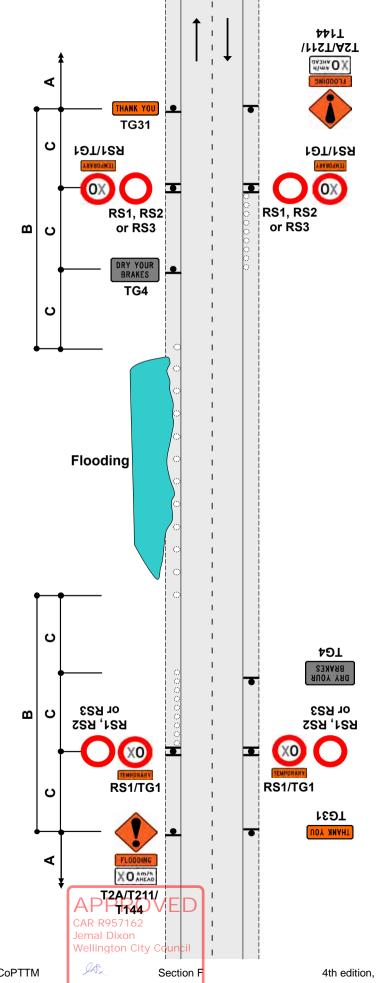
F2.26 Level 1



- 1.This diagram is for initial response only.
  Appropriate long term TTM must be installed as soon as practical
- 2.Use one of the following signs and/or supplementary plates:



- 3.If necessary, erect TG4 DRY YOUR BRAKES sign
- 4. Delineate hazard if hazard extends onto lane
- 5.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 6.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



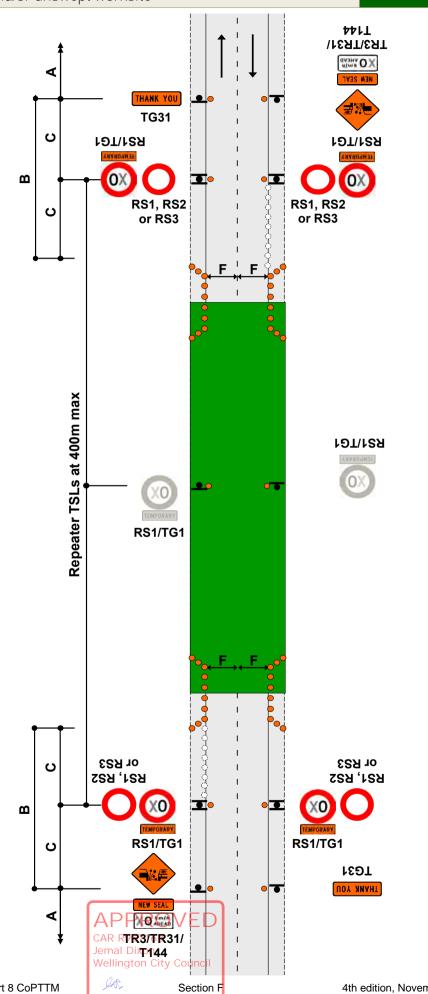
#### TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Unattended worksites

New seal - unattended and/or unswept worksite

F2.27 Level 1

- 1.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 2. Worksites need positive traffic management to ensure all road users travel at the TSL
- 3.Use cones to form a threshold treatment at the start of the new seal. Minimum of 10 cones at 5m centres
- 4. Cones on the trafficked side of signs for sites to be left unattended overnight
- 5.TSLs to be repeated at not more than 400m intervals
- 6.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



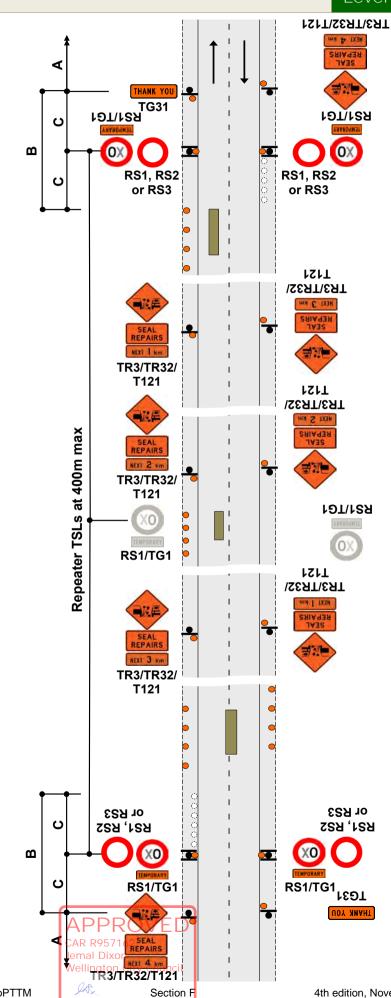
### TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Unattended worksites Surface hazard

# F2.28 Level 1

- 1. This layout must not be used on an alignment with horizontal curves (corners) or when repairs are carried out on or near horizontal curves. See TMD F2.29
- 2.On long worksites, use 'Next X km' plates, repeat temporary speed limit signs at not more than 400m intervals
- 3. Signs for some alternative situations:



- 4.Cones to be placed on left of carriageway for full length of hazard at 10m centres or at least 3 cones, whichever is the greater
- 5. Cones on the trafficked side of signs for sites to be left unattended overnight
- 6. Worksites need positive traffic management to ensure all road users travel at the TSL
- 7.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 8. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

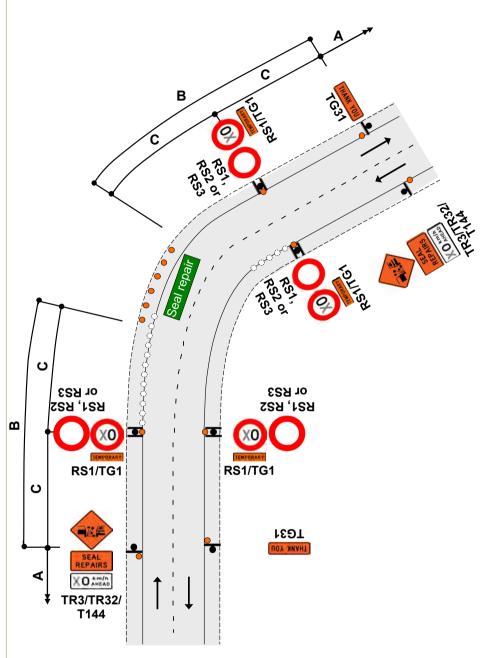


# TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Unattended worksites Seal repairs on a curve

F2.29 Level 1

#### Notes

- 1.Cones on edge of seal - minimum 3 cones, maximum spacing 10m, next to each repair area
- 2.Cover any curve advisory speed sign that has a higher speed than the TSL
- 3.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 4.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

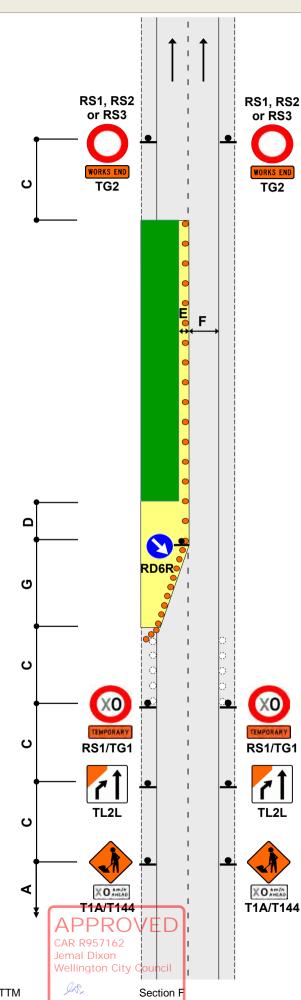


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# ONE-WAY TWO-LANE DIVIDED OR TWO-LANE ROAD Left-lane closure

F2.30 Level 1

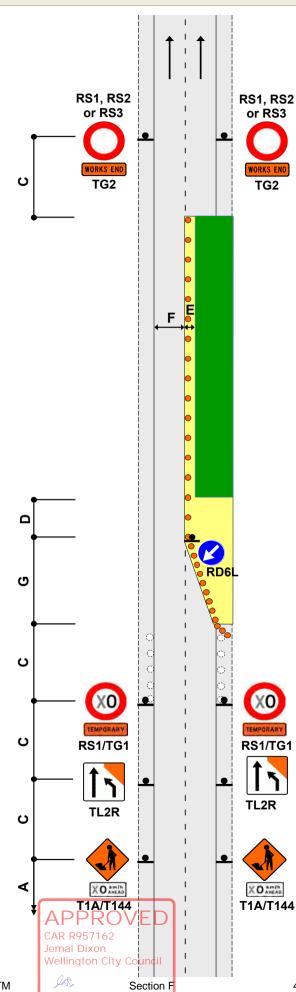
- 1.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 2.On roads with a permanent speed limit of 100km/h, cones are required from the TSL to the taper if the speed is reduced by more than 30km/h
- 3.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



# ONE-WAY TWO-LANE DIVIDED OR TWO-LANE ROAD Right-lane closure

F2.31 Level 1

- 1.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 2.On roads with a permanent speed limit of 100km/h, cones are required from the TSL to the taper if the speed is reduced by more than 30km/h
- 3.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD F4.1 Work vehicle is more than five (5) metres from the edgeline Level 1 Any speed Greater than 5m T1A/T136

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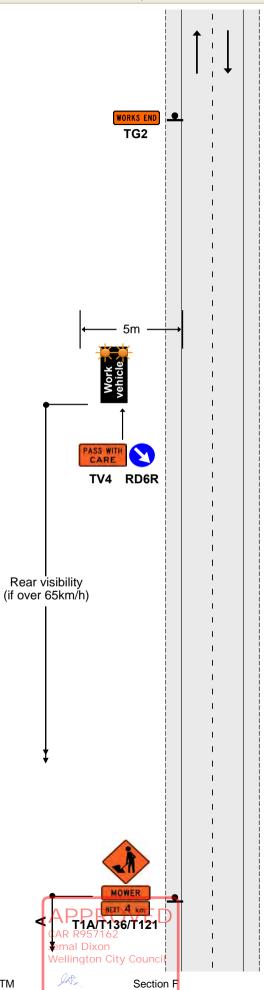
Section F

#### TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Work vehicle is within five (5) metres of the edgeline CSD to work vehicle - not required under 65km/h, required over 65km/h

F4.2 Level 1

- 1.If permanent speed is under 65km/h, rear visibility to the work vehicle is not required
- 2.If permanent speed is over 65km/h, rear visibility to the work vehicle is required
- 3.A tail pilot vehicle equipped with T1A advance warning sign, appropriate supplementary plate and RD6R may replace the static signs if the permanent speed is under 65km/h (see TMD F4.3)

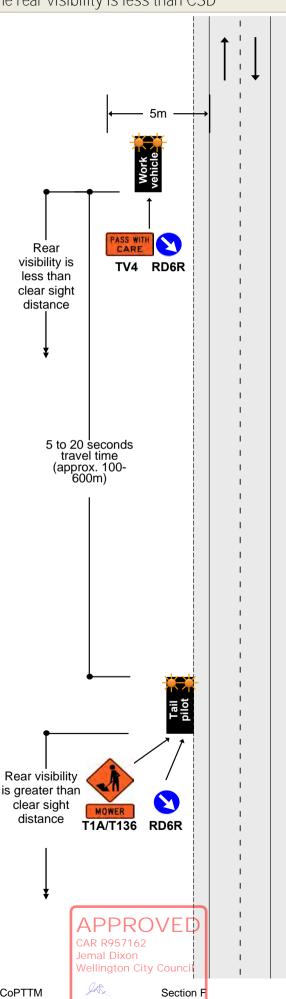


#### TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Work vehicle is within five (5) metres of the edgeline Speed limit over 65km/h - the rear visibility is less than CSD F4.3 Level 1

Notes

1.This TMD can replace TMD F4.2 when permanent speed is under 65km/h. In these situations, static signs are not required



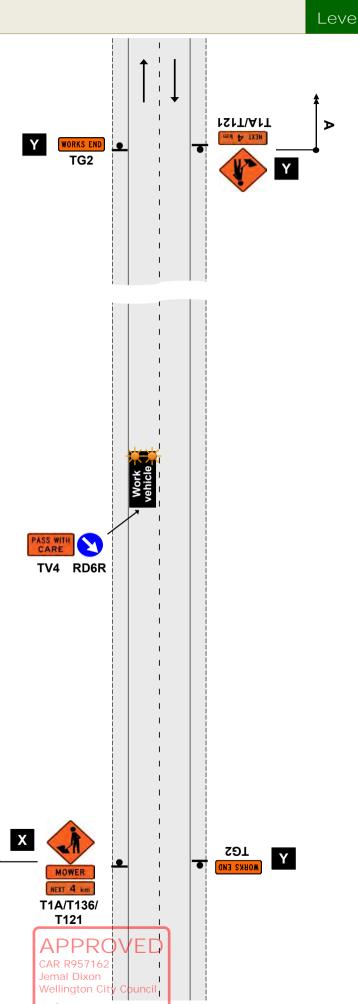
#### Mobile operations

### TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Work vehicle is in a lane Permanent speed under 65km/h

F4.4 Level 1

#### Notes

- 1. Advance warning sign X may be replaced by tail pilot equipped with T1A advance warning sign and appropriate supplementary plate
- 2.In this case, signs marked with Y do not need to be erected
- 3.If using static advance warning signs and the operation is on the lane, then static advance warning signs must also be placed on any intersecting roads



Section F

# CYCLE LANE Traffic not crossing road centre Diverted cycle lane

F2.8 Level 1

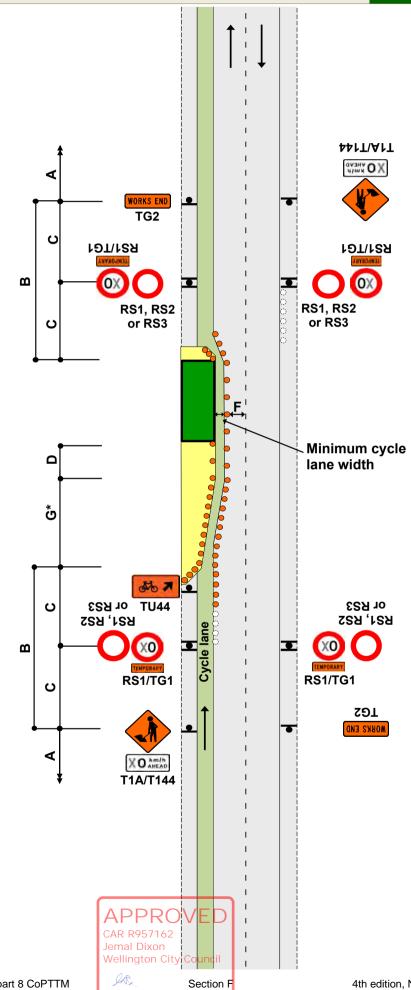
#### Notes

- 1. Minimum cycle lane width must be:
  - 1m 50km/h or less
  - 1.5m 60km/h or more
- 2.A minimum cycle lane width of 1.5m is required if the temporary cycle lane is uphill
- 3.\*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

### $W \times G$

3.5

- W = Width of lateral shift
- G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
- 4.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 5.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional



#### CYCLE LANE

Traffic crossing road centre Diverted cycle lane - coned lane control

F2.9 Level 1

#### Notes

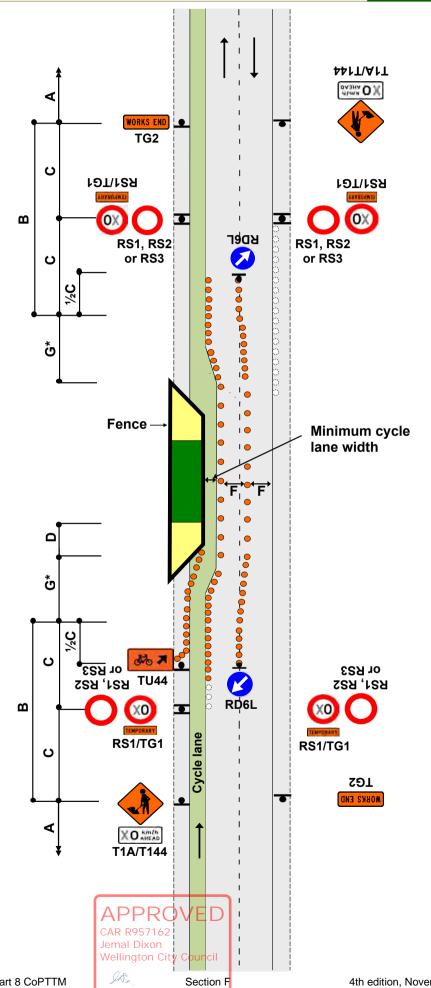
- 1.Minimum cycle lane width must be:
  - 1m 50km/h or less
  - 1.5m 60km/h or more
- 2.A minimum cycle lane width of 1.5m is required if the temporary cycle lane is uphill
- 3.\*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

#### $W \times G$

3.5

W = Width of lateral shift

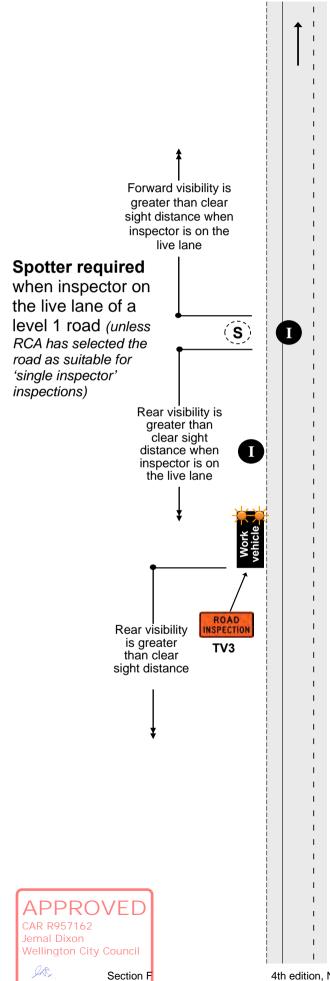
- G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table
- 4. To allow heavy vehicles to manoeuvre, cones in the channel must be offset by at least 10m where the direction changes. Refer C8.2.12
- 5.Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix
- 6.The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional

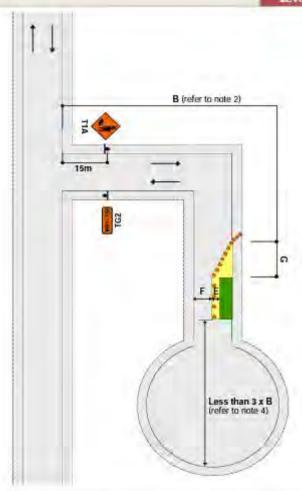


# INSPECTION ACTIVITIES AND NON-INVASIVE WORKS On shoulder and on the live lane This TMD may also be applied on level LV roads

F4.10 Level 1

- 1.Inspectors must move from live lanes to avoid traffic. They must not expect traffic to drive slowly or drive around them
- 2.On level LV and level 1 roads, a person completing an inspection or non-invasive works cannot be on a live lane for more than 5 minutes
- 3. Unless otherwise approved by the RCA, all inspections on the live lane of level 1 roads require a spotter. The RCA may provide a list of roads, times and/or activities suitable for inspection by a single inspector
- 4. There must be CSD to the inspector when on the live lane. If this cannot be achieved, a spotter must be placed in a position where CSD can be attained and verbal instructions be given to the inspector. If this is not possible, a static or mobile operation is required.
- 5.A spotter is not required for inspections and non-invasive works on level LV roads or working off the live lane of a level 1 road
- 6.Where an unaccompanied inspector is not able to maintain adequate attention (eg due to work tasks or poor visibility), a spotter will be required or another type of traffic management operation used
- 7.For inspection activities that are carried out by a TC on level LV and level 1 roads the STMS must be immediately contactable but does not have to be within 30 minutes travel time of the worksite
- 8.An unaccompanied inspector may walk across a level LV or level 1 road
- 9.A vehicle is not required on a level LV or level 1 road with a permanent speed of less than 65km/h if the inspector remains on a footpath
- 10.On roads with a permanent speed of less than 65km/h an amber flashing beacon is not required on the vehicle if the inspector or non-invasive works is on an unsealed shoulder (or further away from the carriageway including a footpath)

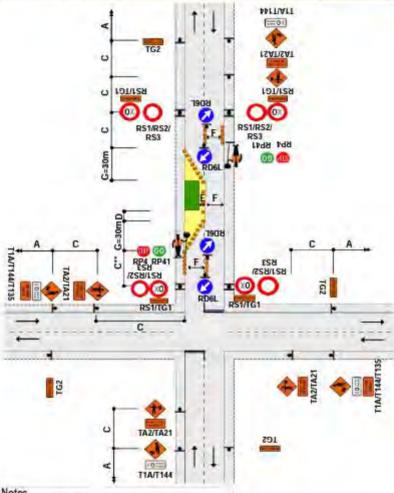




- 1. T1A sign to be placed at least 15m from the intersection
- 2. Where less than B, T1A/T135 and TG2 signs required on main road
- 3. Working space to be less than 100m.
- Signage is not required past the worksite where there is less than 3 x B from the end of the working space to the end of the road provider.

CAR R957162 Jemal Dixon Wellington City Council TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout Major obstruction close to intersection Allows shorter sign spacings and MTC operation

J2.19a Level 1



#### Notes

1. Sign spacing of TSL at the intersection can be reduced as per the table shown

2. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads MTC at intersection to be in charge of MTC

operation APPROVED 4. Use TSLs as required by TSL dedision matrix

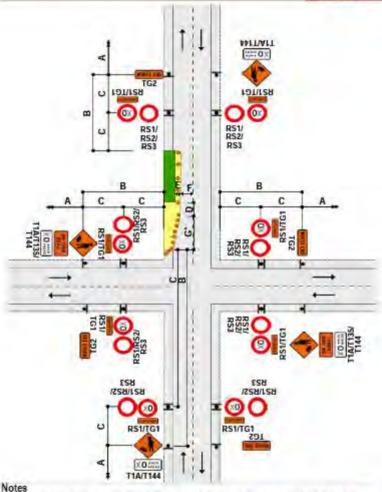
5. The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optionable city council

Boeed TBLto Total intersection (28.) to TSL taper -460km/n 性士 199 300 25: 40% 60 km/h ~70 km/h 400 55m (Ex

DISTANCE

TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout After intersection - Traffic not crossing road centre

J2.20a



1. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads

Taper length may be reduced by adding a RDSR sign
 Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

WxG 3.5

W = Width of Shoulder G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table

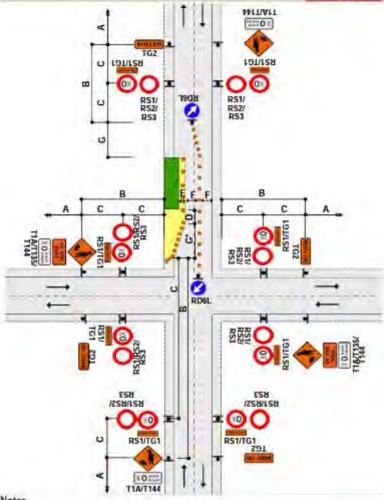
4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix

The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is optional.

RD6R

TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout After intersection - Traffic crossing road centre

J2.20b



#### Notes

- 1. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
- 2. Taper length may be reduced by adding a RD6R sign
- 3. "Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

WxG 3.5

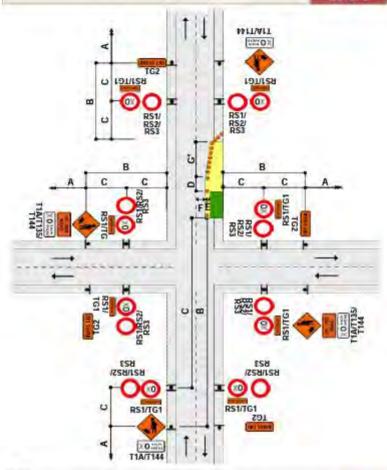
W = Width of Shoulder G = Taper length in the level 1 layout distance table

- 4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision metrics
- 5. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is obtaination City Council

RD6R

TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD - Intersection or roundabout Before intersection - Traffic not crossing road centre

J2.20c



#### Notes

- 1. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
- 2. Taper length may be reduced by adding a RD6R sign
- 3. \*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

WxG 35

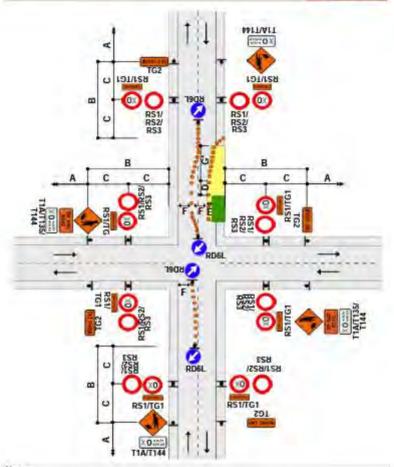
W = Width of Shoulder G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table

4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix

5. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is popping CAR R957162



RD6R



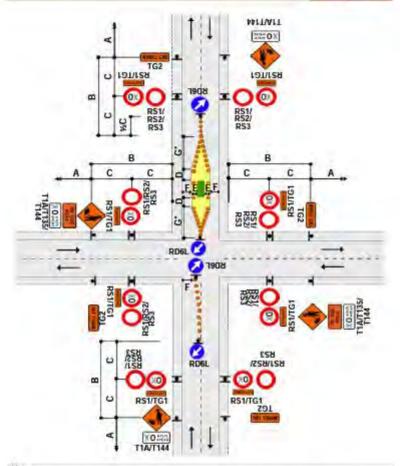
- 1. This diagram may be used at a T intersection by removing any one of the roads
- \*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

#### WxG

3.5

W = Width of lane G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table

- 3. Install shifting taper to move road users into the new alignment
- 4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decis on matrix,
- 5. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is detical alixon



- 1. This diagram may be used at a Tintersection by removing any one of the roads
- 2 \*Calculation of taper length for lateral shift of less than 3.5m is:

### WxG

3.5

W = Width of lane G = Taper length in metres from the level 1 layout distance table

- Install shifting taper to move road users into the new alignment.
- 4. Use TSLs if required by TSL decision matrix.
- 5. The T144 X0km/h AHEAD sign is dot one.



Static operations www.invarion.com

# TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD Single-lane alternating flow Portable e-STOP

# ATMS02 Level 1

#### **Notes**

- 1.Provide details of make and model of portable traffic signals in the TMP
- 2.Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary as per the approved TMP
- 3.Install temporary RP61/RP62 signs



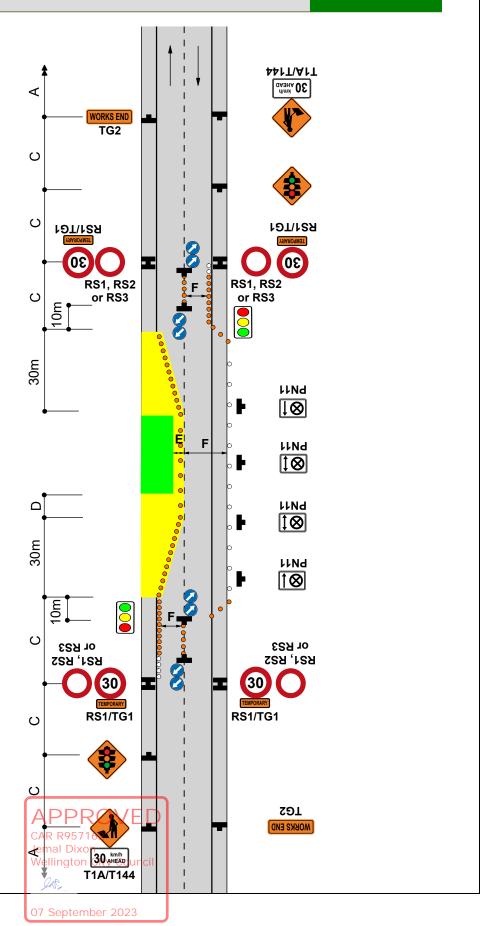


- 4.Minimum 5 cones in cone threshold.
- 5. Extend or place extra advance warning signs towards on-coming traffic beyond any expected traffic queues

#### 6.CONTINGENCY PLAN:

F2.14 to be implemented should issues arise with e-STOP/ adverse weather conditions or where stop go is unsuitable. ex; Short term stoppages is defined as "stopping traffic for a short period of time within a static site, at inconsistent intervals to assist with the entry/exit of vehicles or small tasks required to be undertaken in the live lane".

- 7. In circumstances where for safety reasons, the use of stop/go operations is deemed more appropriate, a site specific safe work method statement must be prepared.
- 8.The T144 30km/h AHEAD sign is optional on roads under 65km/h
- e-STOP can only be used on an attended site. e-STOPs must be manned at all times.



# CYCLE LANE Cycle lane closed Poratable e-STOP

# ATMS03 Level 1

#### **Notes**

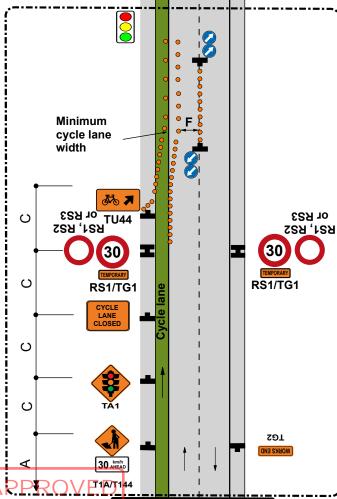
- Merge of cycle lane
   with live lane must be
   delineated with cones at
   1.0m centres for at least 10m
- 2.The T144 30km/h
  AHEAD sign is optional on roads
  under 65km/h
- 3. Signs and layout shown in the box at the bottom of the diagram is to be repeated on each approach that requires cycle lane signage. ATMS01 or ATMS02 to be used on all non cycle lane approaches.
- 3. Provide details of make and model of portable traffic signals in the TMP
- 4.Use PN11 no stopping signs, if necessary as per the approved TMP
- 5.Install temporary RP61/RP62 signs. STOP HERE
- 7. Extend or place extra advance warning signs towards on-coming traffic beyond any expected traffic queues.

#### **8.CONTINGENCY PLAN:**

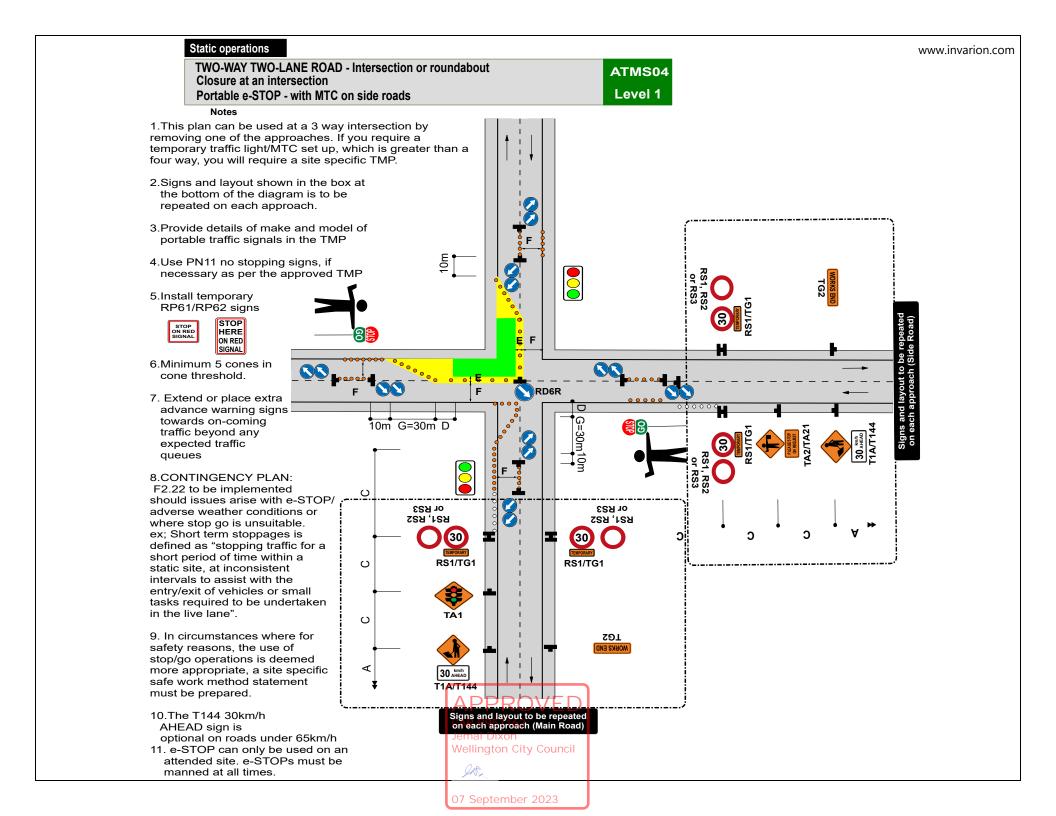
F2.14 or F2.22 to be implemented should issues arise with e-STOP/ adverse weather conditions or where stop go is unsuitable. ex; Short term stoppages is defined as "stopping traffic for a short period of time within a static site, at inconsistent intervals to assist with the entry/exit of vehicles or small tasks required to be undertaken in the live lane".

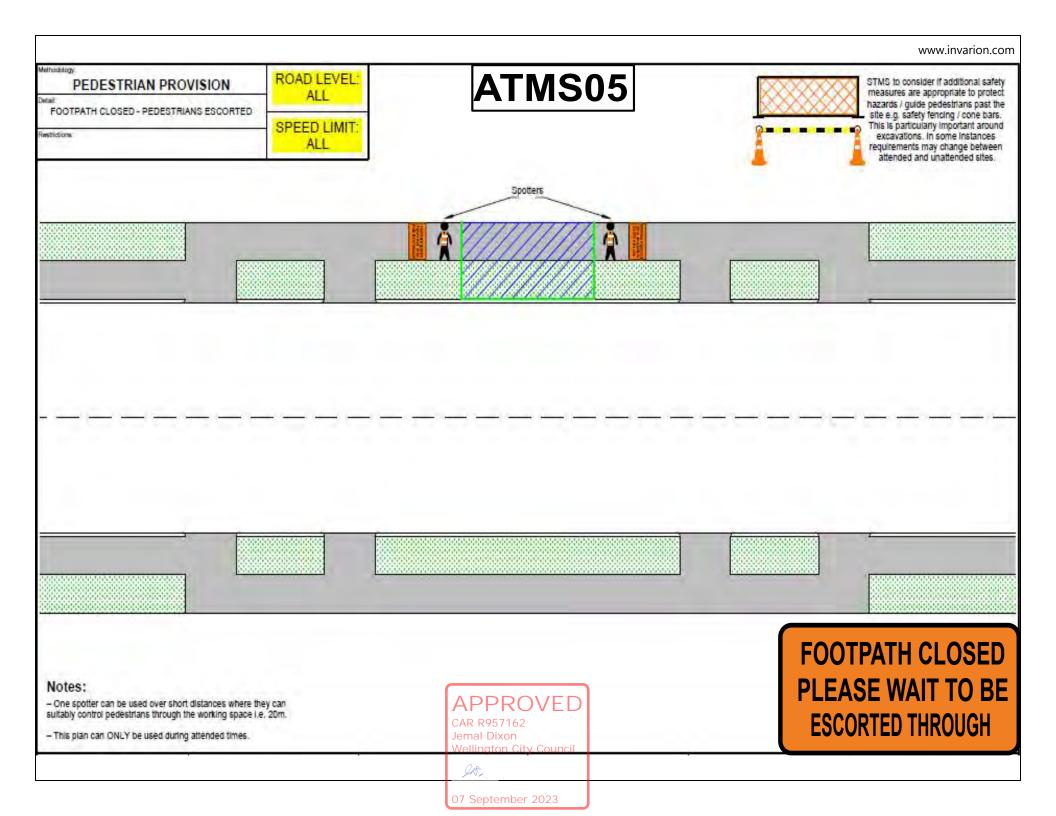
 In circumstances where for safety reasons, the use of stop/go operations is deemed more appropriate, a site specific safe work method statement must be prepared.

10.e-STOP can only be used on an attended site. e-STOPs must be Amanned at all times.



CAR R957162 Jemal Dixon Wellington City Council Signs and layout to be repeated on each cycle lane approach ollow ATMS01 & ATMS02 for non cycle lane approaches.





# **Mobile operations** ONE-WAY TWO-LANE DIVIDED OR TWO-LANE ROAD ATMS06 Part or all of a lane occupied Level 1 Semi-static closure - work for up to 1 hour Notes 1.Only use this TMD when activity can be completed within 1 hour (excluding set up and removal of worksite) 2.The T1A advance warning signs may be replaced by a tail pilot vehicle with a T1A sign, appropriate supplementary plate and a RD6R/L 3.If shadow vehicle is fitted with a TMA, the longitudinal safety zone (D) is not required RD6L TV4 4.If using static advance 10m roll ahead warning signs and the operation is on the lane, then static advance warning signs Arrow board must also be placed on any intersecting roads. PASS WITH CARE 5. This site can be used on TV4 the opposite (left) lane also. വ മ

07 September 2023

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Wellington City Council

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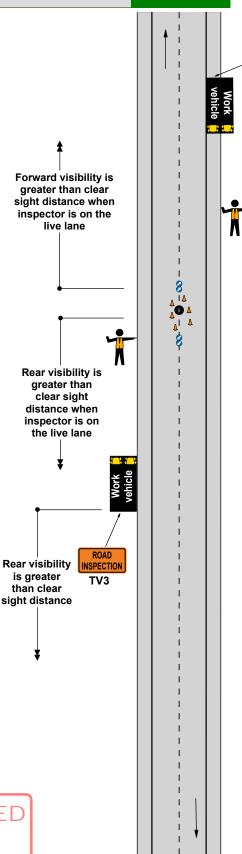
#### **Mobile operations**

# INSPECTION ACTIVITIES AND NON-INVASIVE WORKS Inspection Activity - Centre Of Road This TMD may also be applied on level LV roads

# ATMS07 Level 1

#### **Notes**

- Inspectors must move from live lanes to avoid traffic. They must not expect traffic to drive slowly or drive around them
- 2.On level LV and level 1 roads, a person completing an inspection or non-invasive works cannot be on a live lane for more than 5 minutes
- 3.Unless otherwise approved by the RCA, all inspections on the live lane of level 1 roads require a spotter. The RCA may provide a list of roads, times and/or activities suitable for inspection by a single inspector
- 4.There must be CSD to the inspector when on the live lane. If this cannot be achieved, a spotter must be placed in a position where CSD can be attained and verbal instructions be given to the inspector. If this is not possible, a static or mobile operation is required.
- 5. Where an unaccompanied inspector is not able to maintain adequate attention (eg due to work tasks or poor visibility), a spotter will be required or another type of traffic management operation used
- 6.For inspection activities that are carried out by a TC on level LV and level 1 roads the STMS must be immediately contactable but does not have to be within 30 minutes travel time of the worksite
- Inspectors MUST use 2 vehicles placed on either side of road shoulder. Inspector & spotter will use footpath to carry cones and cross when way is clear. Cones will be placed (min of 4 each direction) for protection. Spotter must not engage in work activities.



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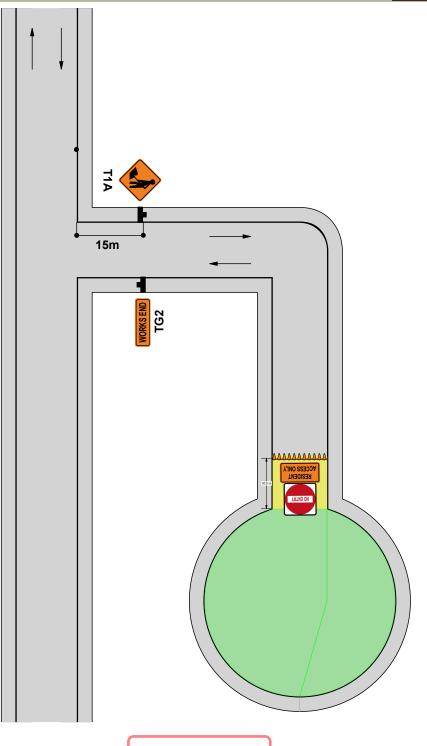


TWO-WAY TWO-LANE ROAD

Cul De Sac - Closure

Access to maintained for Residents/Couriers/Emergency Services

ATMS08 Level 1

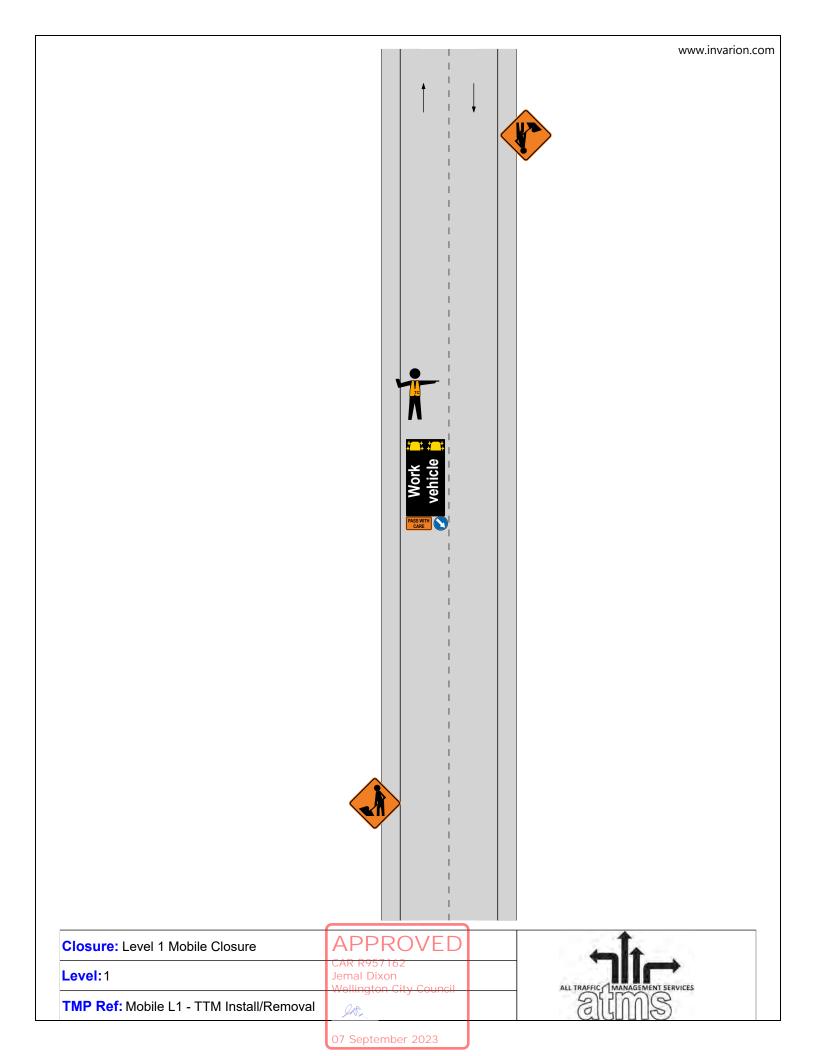


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07 September 2023



#### Main Roads List

Main Roads are the principal roads that connect the suburbs with each other, and connect the suburbs to the city. Main Roads also include many central city streets which get busy during peak traffic times. Streets which are part of the NZTA New Zealand State Highway Route from The Terrace tunnel to the Airport are also identified by **(State Highway)**. Streets which are part of the Over height route are identified in **bold italics**.

Abel Smith St Adelaide Rd Aotea Quay Aro St Barnard St Bassett Rd Bay Rd Bidwell St Birdwood St Blackbridge Rd Boulcott St Bowen St **Box Hill** Bracken Rd Brandon St Britomart St Broadway Broderick Rd Brooklyn Rd Brougham St

Buckle St (State Highway)

Buller St Bunny St Burma Rd Cable St

Calabar (State Highway)

Cambridge Tce Carlton Gore Rd Cashmere Ave Centennial Highway Chaffers St

Chaffers St Chaytor St Childers Tce Churchill Dr

Cobham Dr (State

Highway)
Cockayne Rd
Constable St
Courtenay Pl
Crawford Rd
Crofton Rd
Cuba St
Curtis St

Customhouse Quay

Dixon St

Dufferin St (State

**Highway)**Elizabeth St

Ellice St (State Highway)

**Evans Bay Pde**Featherston St
Garden Rd
Ghuznee St

Glasgow St
Glenmore St
Grafton Rd
Grant Rd
Grey St
Grosvenor Tce
Hankey St
Harriett St
Harris St
Hataitai Rd
Hawker St
Hawkestone St
Helston Rd
Hunter St

Hutt Rd Jervois Quay John St

Johnsonville Rd Johnston St

Kaiwharawhara Rd

Karo Dr (State Highway)

Karori Rd Kelburn Pde

Kent Tce (State Highway)

Kenya St
Khandallah Rd
Kilbirnie Cres
Kupe St
Lambton Quay
Lennel Rd
Luxford St
MacDonald Cres
Maidavale Rd
Main Rd

Majoribanks St Manners St Mein St Mercer St Middleton Rd Miramar Ave Molesworth St Moorefield Rd

Moxham Ave
Mulgrave St
Murphy St
Newlands Rd
Ngaio Gorge Rd
Northland Rd
Ohiro Rd

Old Karori Rd

Onepu Rd

Onslow Rd

Oriental Pde
Ottawa Rd

Palliser Rd

Panama St

Park St

Paterson St (State

Highway)
Perth St
Raroa Cres
Raroa Rd
Riddiford St
Rintoul St
Rongotai Rd

Ruahine St (State Highway)
Rugby St (State Highway)

Salamanca Rd Station Rd Stout St

Sussex St (State Highway)

Takapu Rd Tasman St

Taranaki St (State

Highway)

Taurima St (State Highway)

The Crescent
The Parade
The Rigi
The Terrace
Thorndon Quay

Tinakori Rd Troy St Tory St Upland Rd **Victoria St** 

Vivian St (State Highway)

Wadestown Rd Waikowhai St **Wakefield St** Wallace St Waring Taylor St **Waterloo Quay** 

Webb St

Wellington Rd (State

Highway)
Whitehead Rd
Whitmore St
Willeston St
Willis St
Willowbank Rd

Wilton Rd